

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC CONTROL WIRING TABLE OF CONTENTS

ELECTRONIC

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elephone: ax:	(414) 327-1700 (414) 327-0532	The Oilgear Compare 2300 S. 51st. Stree	ny et
Vebsite:		Milwaukee, WI USA 53	

pplications available.
PVK 270/370 VM (A2 20L)
PVK 270/370 VM (A2 40L)
PVK 270/370 VS (B2 VSC4)
PVK 270/370 VS (B1 VSC4)
PVL 075-320 VM (Sentech 40L)
PVL 075-320 VS (Sentech VSC4)
PVL 075-320 VV (E-Series SCVP)
D,DN 200-350 VM (HR-Series 40L)
D,DN 200-350 VS (HR-Series VSC4)
D,DN 200-350 VV (E-Series SCVP)
D,DN 200-350 VW (E-Series SCVP)
D 150 VM (HR-Series 20L)
D 150 VM (HR-Series 40L)
D 150 VS (HR-Series VSC4)
D 150 VV (E-Series SCVP)
D 150 VW (E-Series SCVP)
D 100 VV
D 100 VW
D 35/60 VV
D 35/60 VW
D 12/20 VV
D 12/20 VW
N.O. P2C VALVE
PILOT OPER RELIEF (SCVP)
A 3 VV



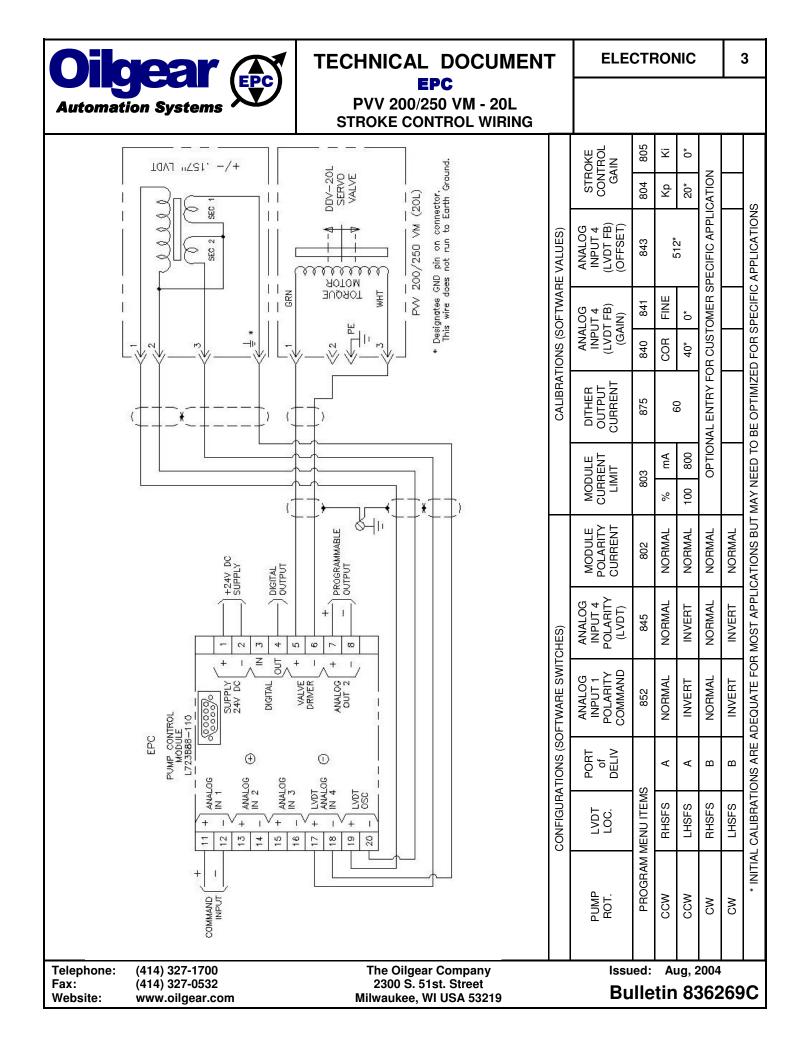


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CONTROL WIRING	
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Telephone: Fax: Website:	(414) 327-1700 (414) 327-0532 www.oilgear.com	The Oilgear Company 2300 S. 51st. Street Milwaukee, WI USA 53219	Issued: Aug, 2004 Bulletin 836269C
109/110	PVG 100/130 ER		
107/108	D 150 VZ		
105/106	PVV 540 VR (A-Series SCVP)		
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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVV 200/250 VM - 20L STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

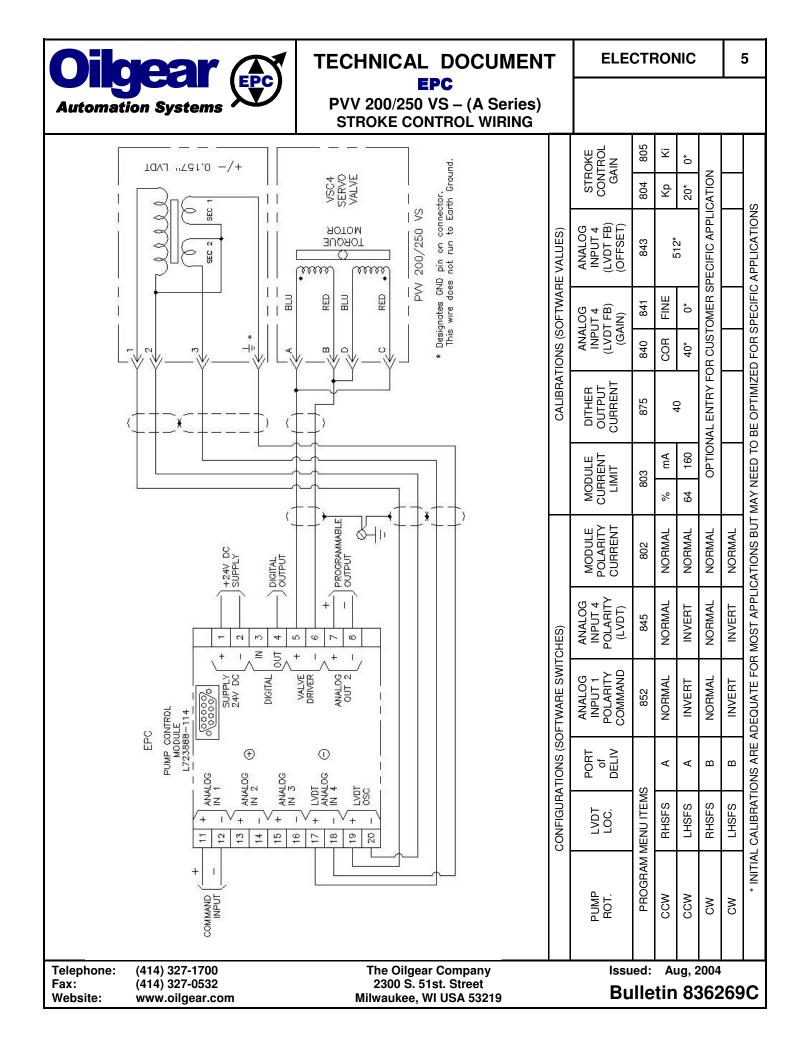
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 200/250 VM - 20L Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- Pump utilizes approximately 0.098" LVDT stroke for 0.96" piston stroke (10:1 cone taper).
- The standard one-way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.
- As of the fall of 2004 the LVDT part number 319643-016 directly replaces the LVDT part number 319645. See Oilgear Bulletin 836022 for hardware specifications.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVV 200/250 VS – (A Series) STROKE CONTROL WIRING 6

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

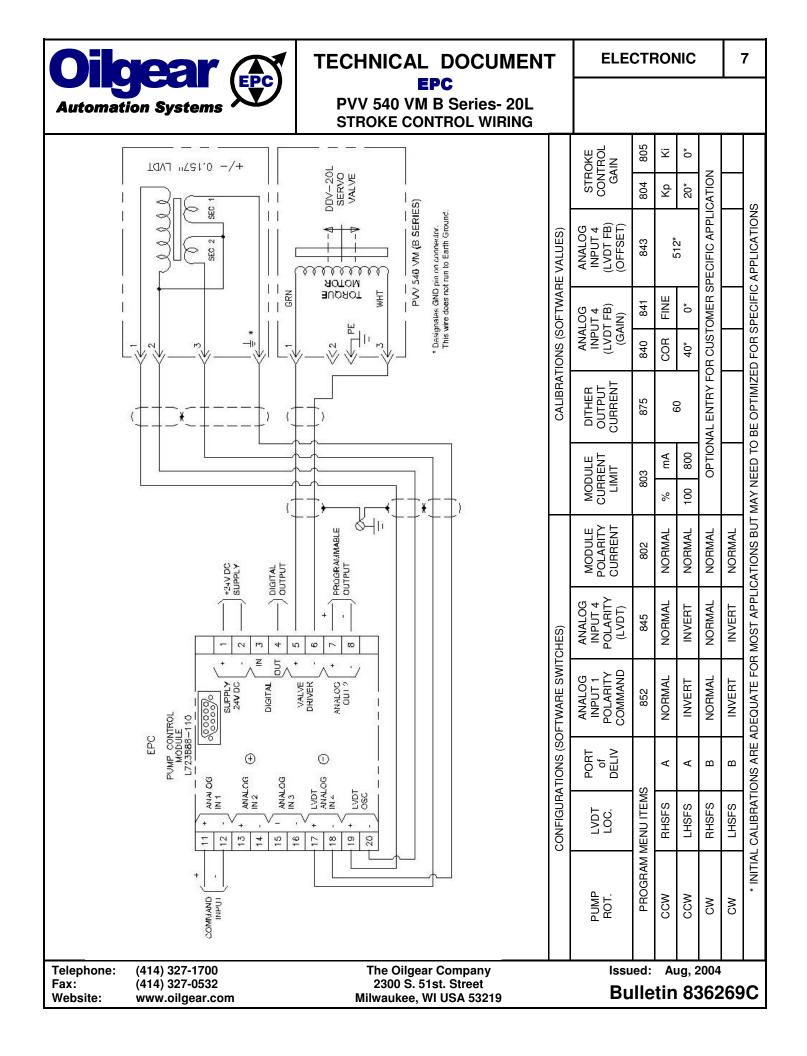
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 200/250 VS (A Series) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- Pump utilizes approximately 0.098" LVDT stroke for 0.96" piston stroke (10:1 cone taper).
- The standard one-way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.
- As of the fall of 2004 the LVDT part number 319643-016 directly replaces the LVDT part number 319645. See Oilgear Bulletin 836022 for hardware specifications.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVV 540 VM B Series- 20L STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

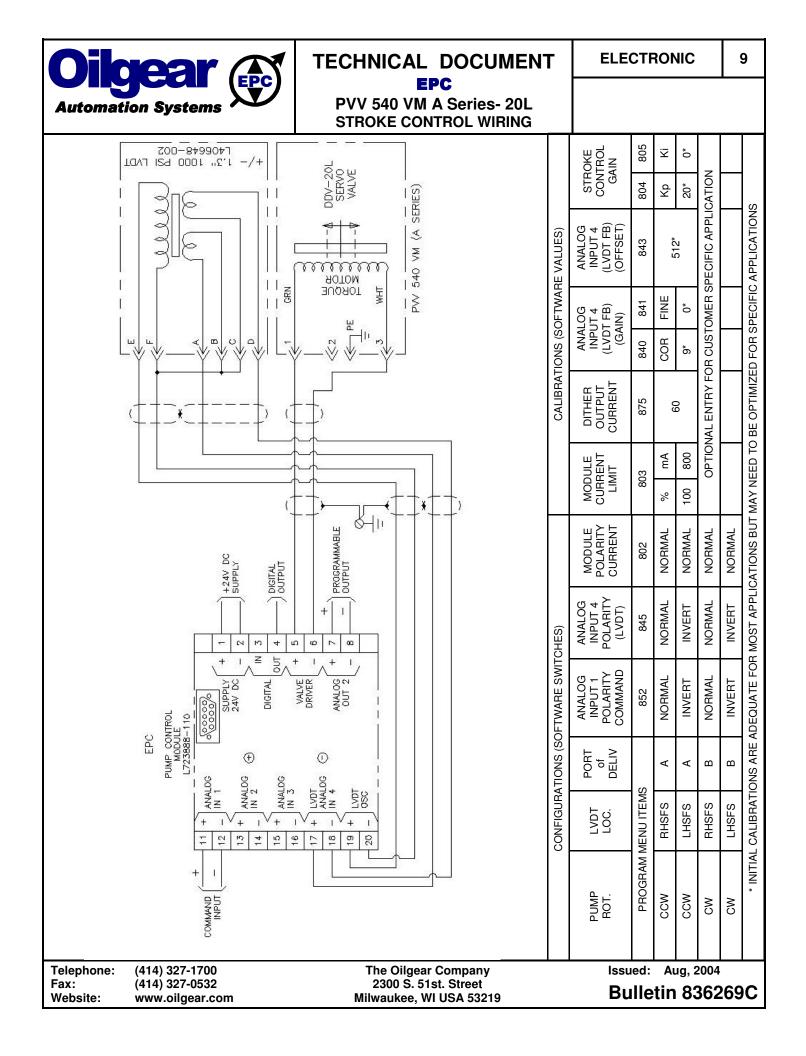
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 540 VM B Series – 20L Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- Pump utilizes approximately 0.098" LVDT stroke for 1.29" control piston stroke (13:1 cone taper).
- The standard one way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.
- As of the fall of 2004 the LVDT part number 319643-016 directly replaces the LVDT part number 319645. See Oilgear Bulletin 836022 for hardware specifications.

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PVV 540 VM A Series- 20L STROKE CONTROL WIRING

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General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

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Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

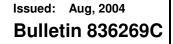
- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

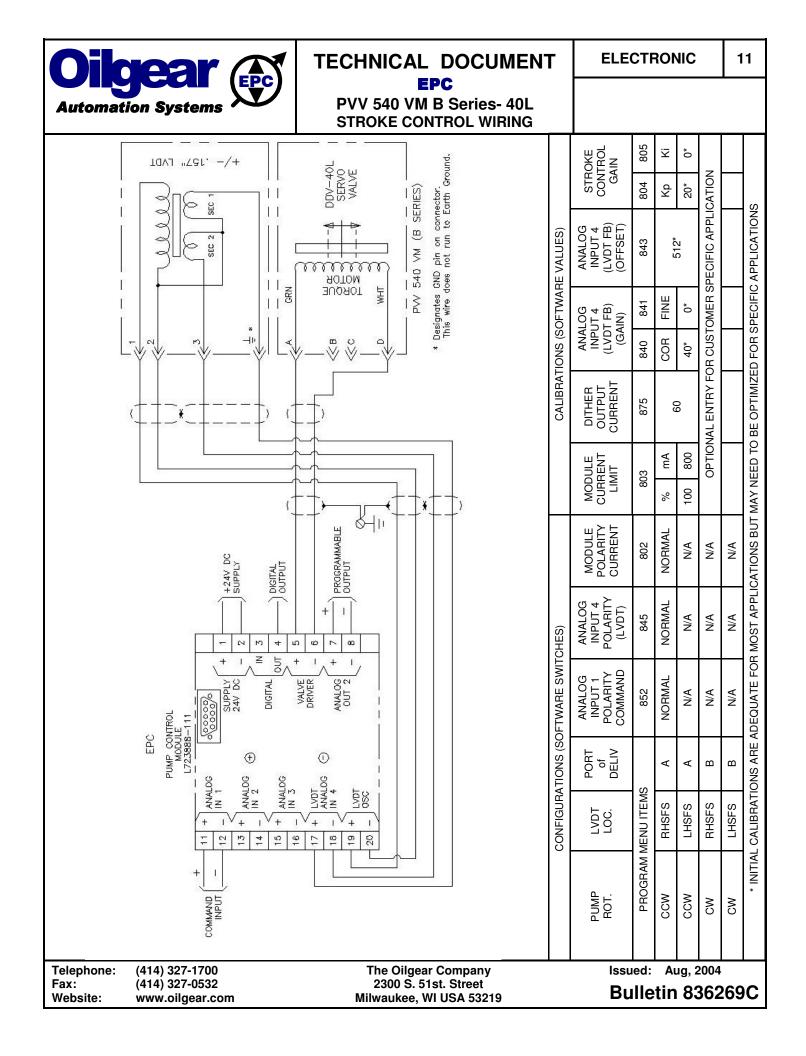
PVV 540 VM A Series – 20L Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The standard one way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.

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PVV 540 VM B Series- 40L STROKE CONTROL WIRING

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General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

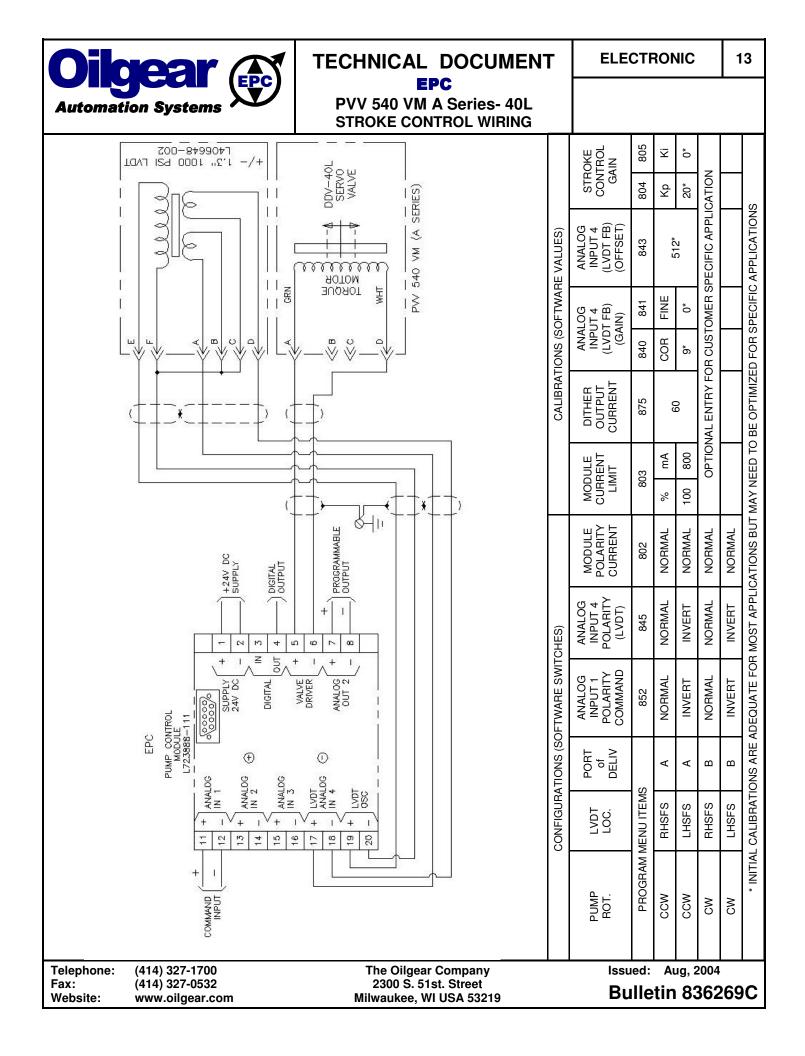
Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 540 VM B Series – 40L Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- Pump utilizes approximately 0.098" LVDT stroke for 1.29" control piston stroke (13:1 cone taper).
- As of the fall of 2004 the LVDT part number 319643-016 directly replaces the LVDT part number 319645. See Oilgear Bulletin 836022 for hardware specifications.





PVV 540 VM A Series- 40L STROKE CONTROL WIRING

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Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

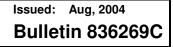
- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

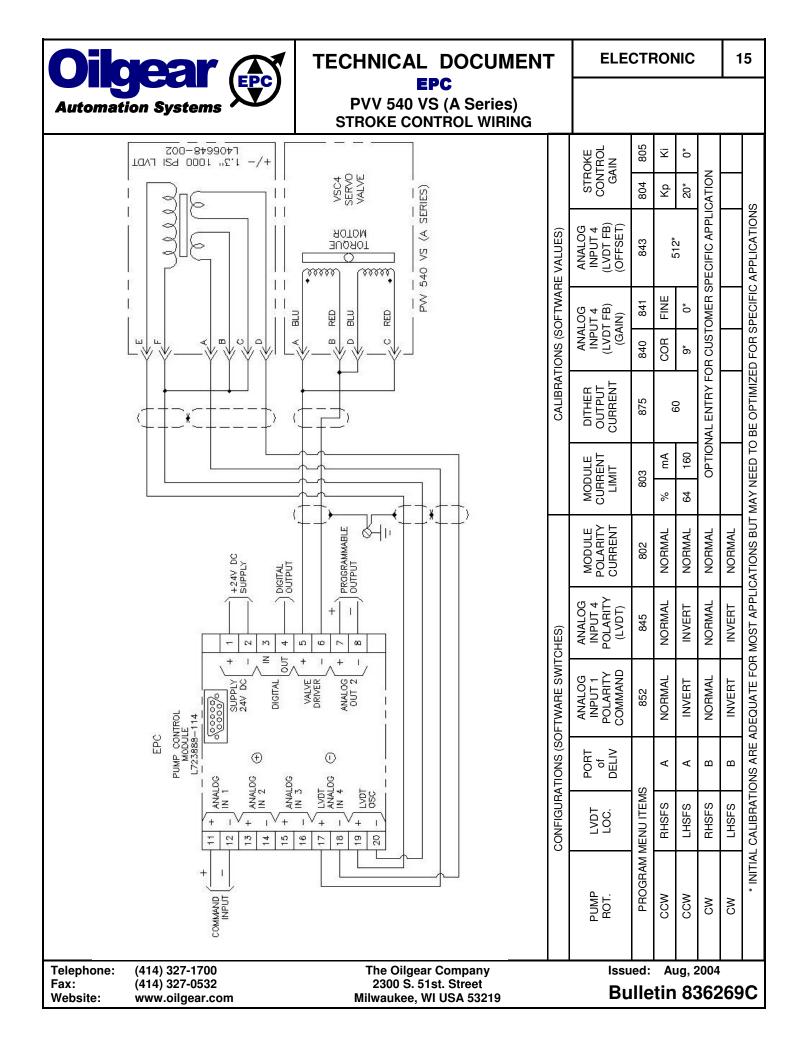
PVV 540 VM A Series – 40L Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The standard one way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVV 540 VS (A Series) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

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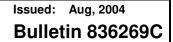
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

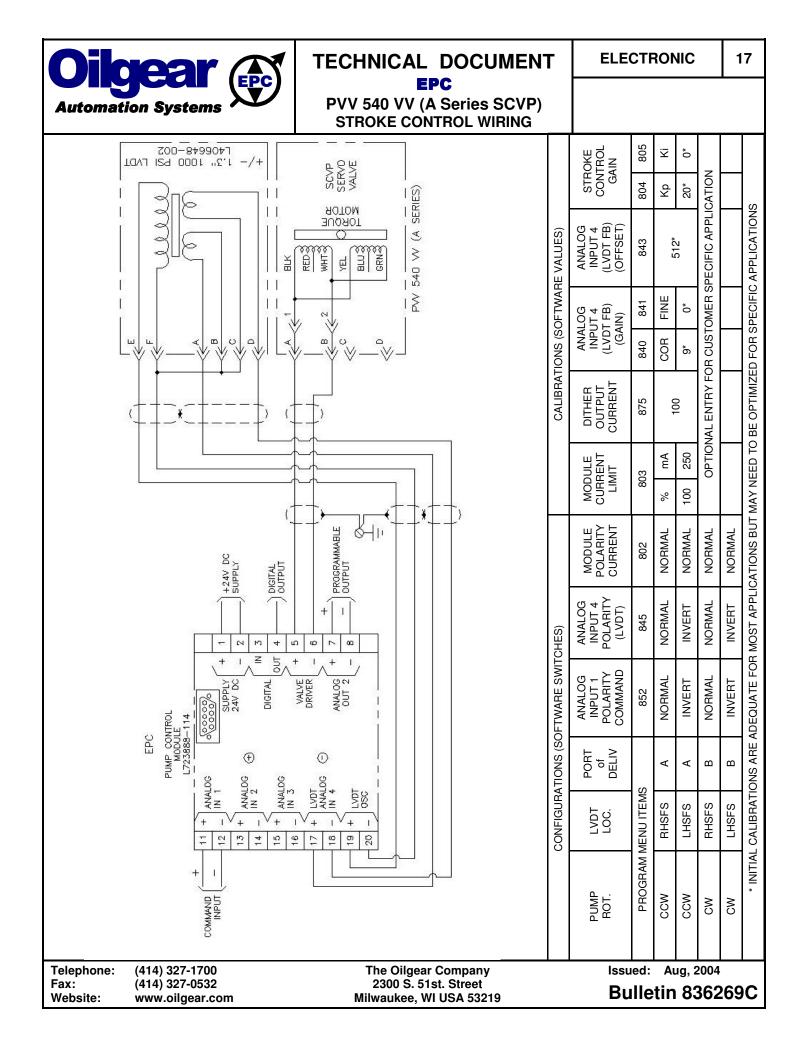
- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 540 VS (A Series) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The standard one way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.

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PVV 540 VV (A Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

ELECTRONIC

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

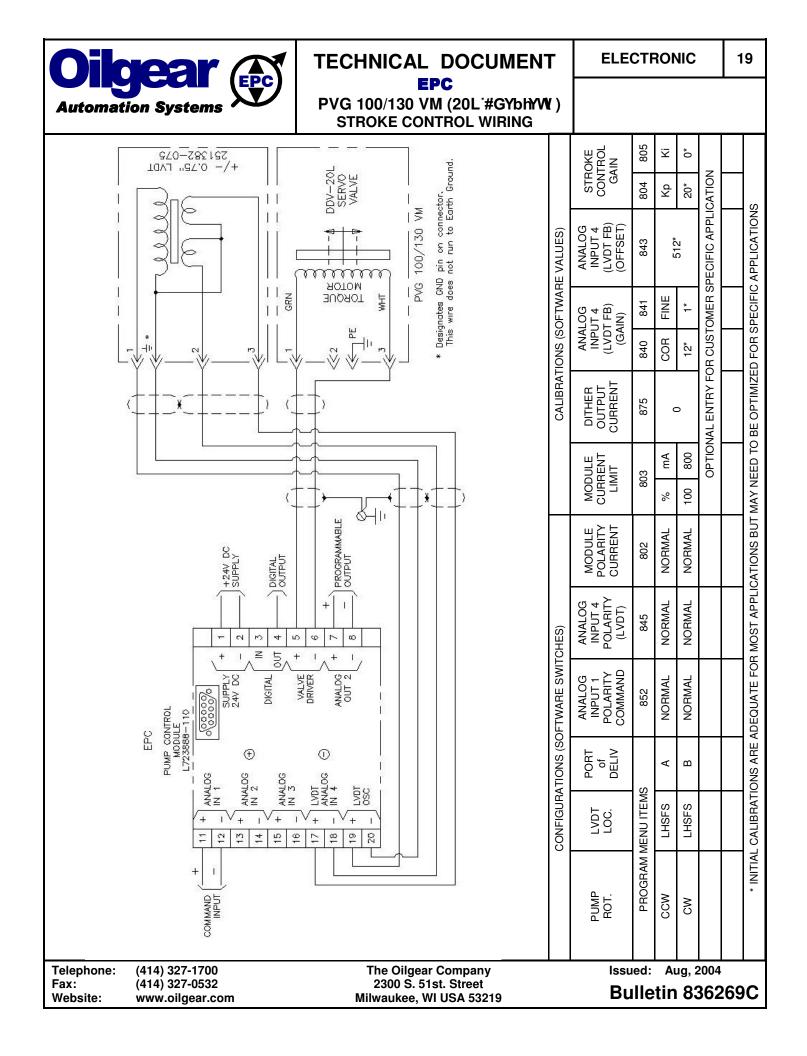
- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 540 VV (A Series) Notes:

- The servo valve (SCVP) is always mounted on top. The torque motor is 20 ohms per coil (10 ohm parallel) 500mA. LVDT is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The standard one way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.

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PVG 100/130 VM (Sentech 20L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

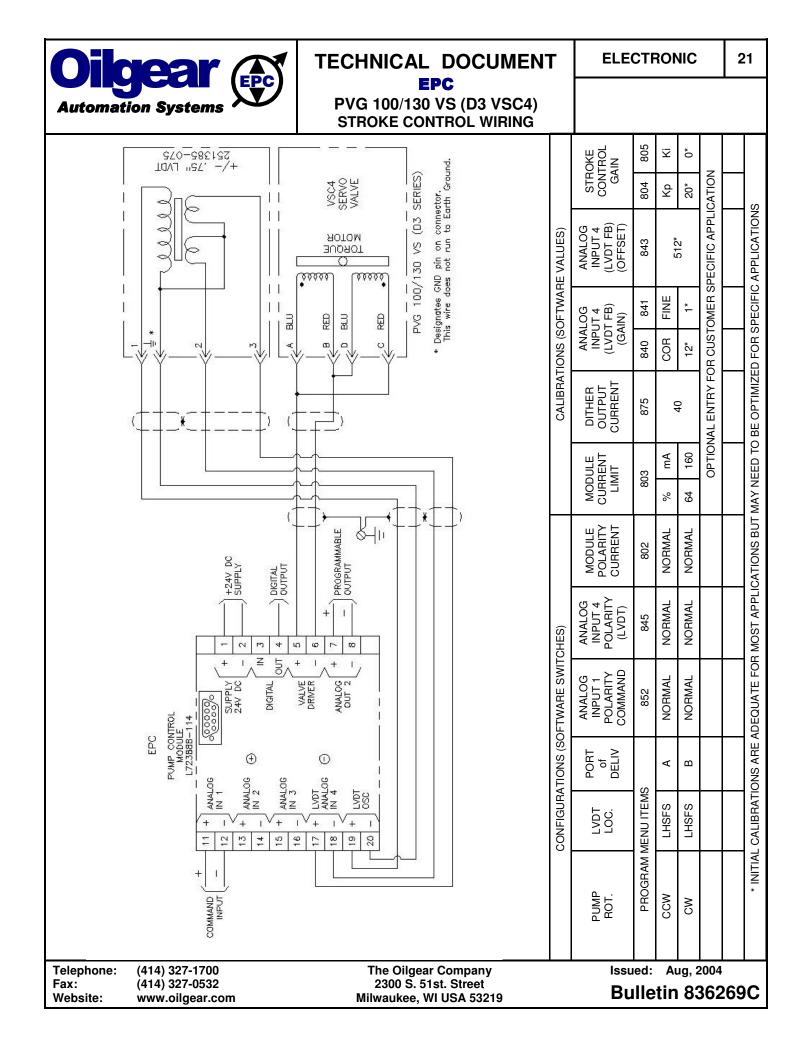
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVG 100/130 VM Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on RHSFS.
 High pressure Sentech LVDT (251385-075) rated at +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
 LVDT is always mounted on the LHSFS.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately 0.750 inch, one way only, toward LVDT.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVG 100/130 VS (D3 VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

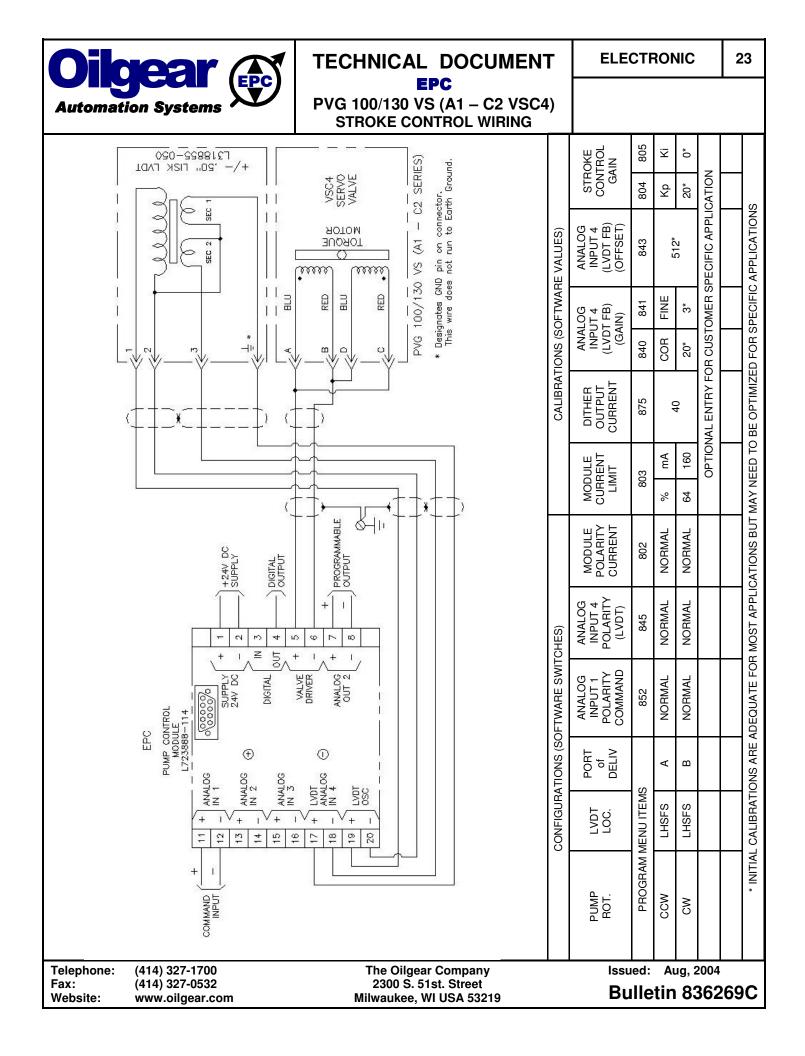
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVG 100/130 VS (D3) Notes:

- Servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on RHSFS.
- Design series D3 utilizing 251385-075 high pressure Sentech LVDT rated at +/- 0.75 inch stroke. LVDT is always mounted on the LHSFS.
- Pump neutral position is limited by minimum volume stop.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately 0.750 inch, one way only, toward LVDT.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVG 100/130 VS (A1 – C2 VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

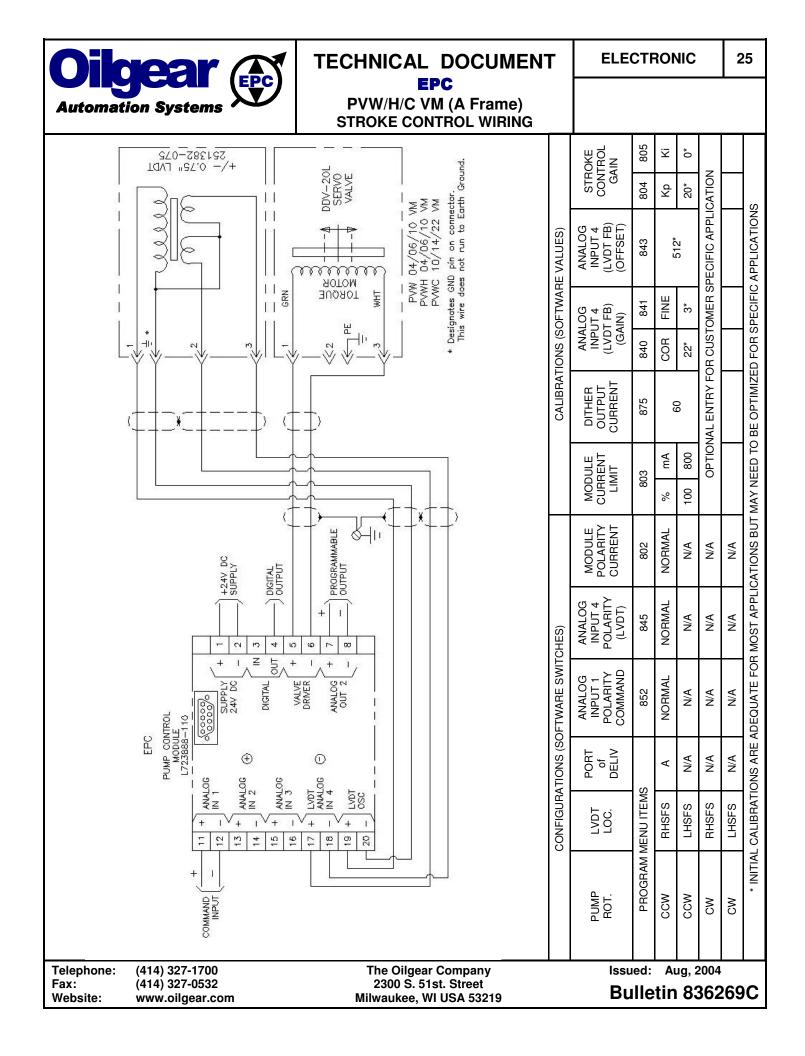
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVG 100/130 VS (A1 - C2) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on RHSFS.
- Design series (A1 C2) utilizing L318855-050 Lisk LVDT rated at +/- 0.50 inch stroke. LVDT is always mounted on the LHSFS with pump neutral offset 0.25" from LVDT null.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately 0.750 inch, one way only.
- Pump neutral position limited by minimum volume stop.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VM (A Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

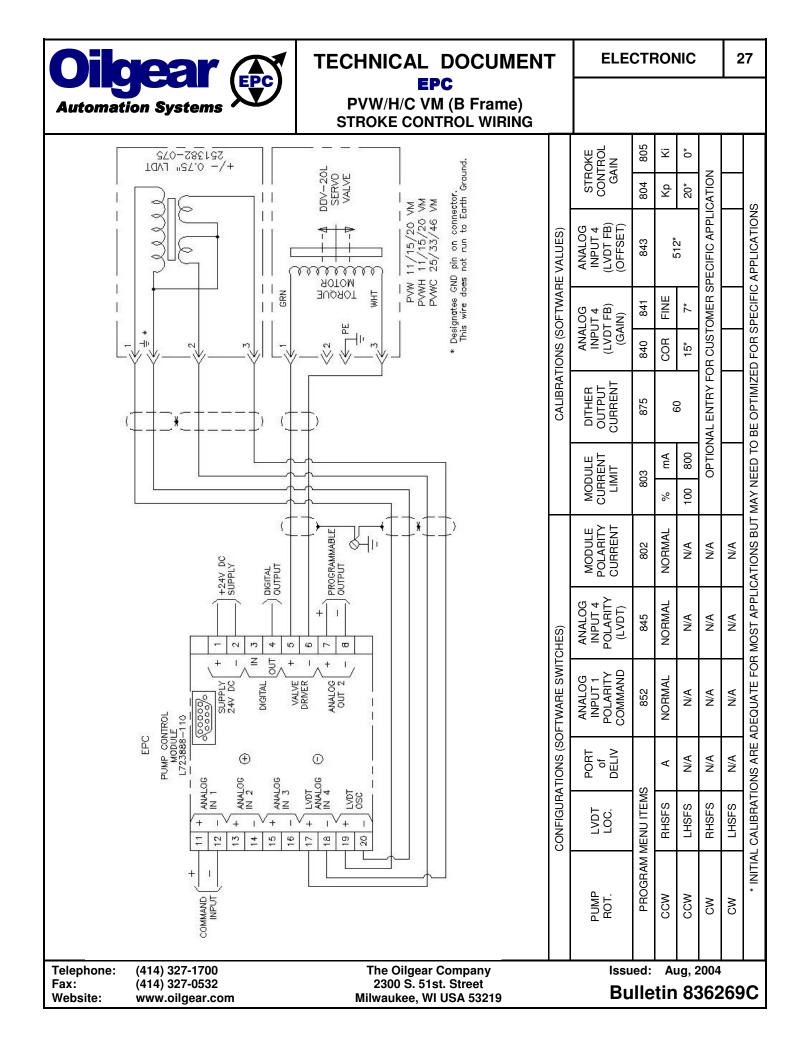
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VM (A Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- The LVDT is high pressure Sentech (251385-075) rated approximately +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 0.462 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VM (B Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

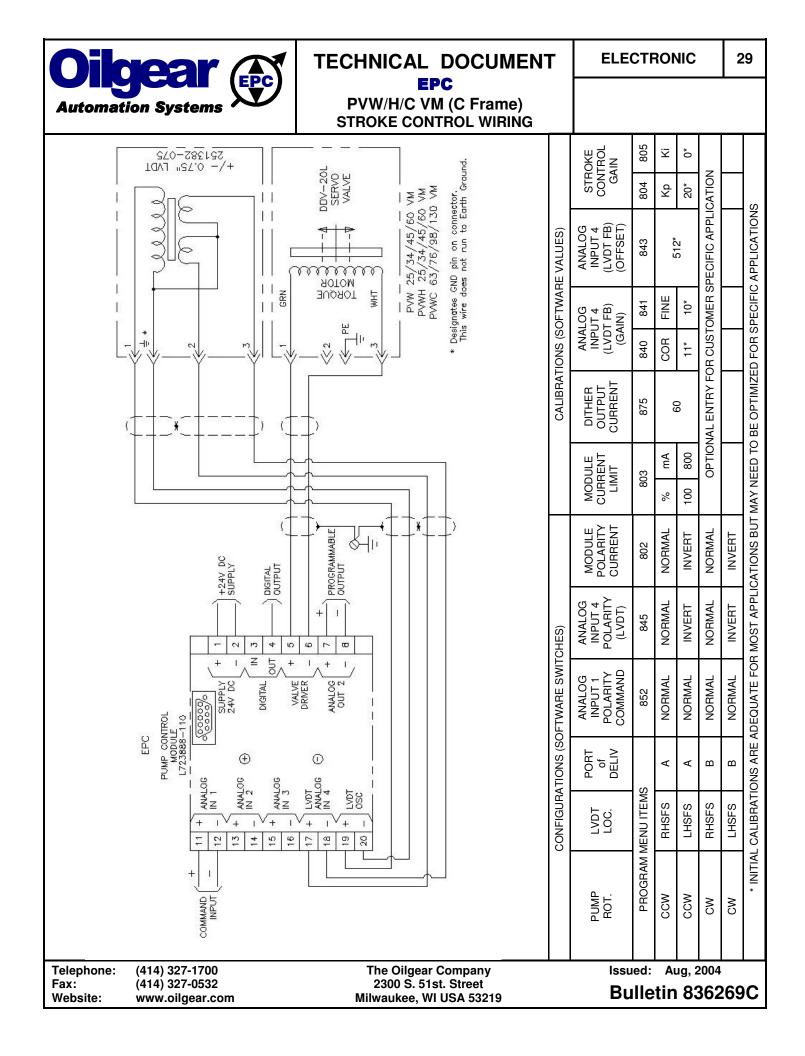
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VM (B Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- The LVDT is high pressure Sentech (251385-075) rated approximately +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 0.603 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VM (C Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING ELECTRONIC

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

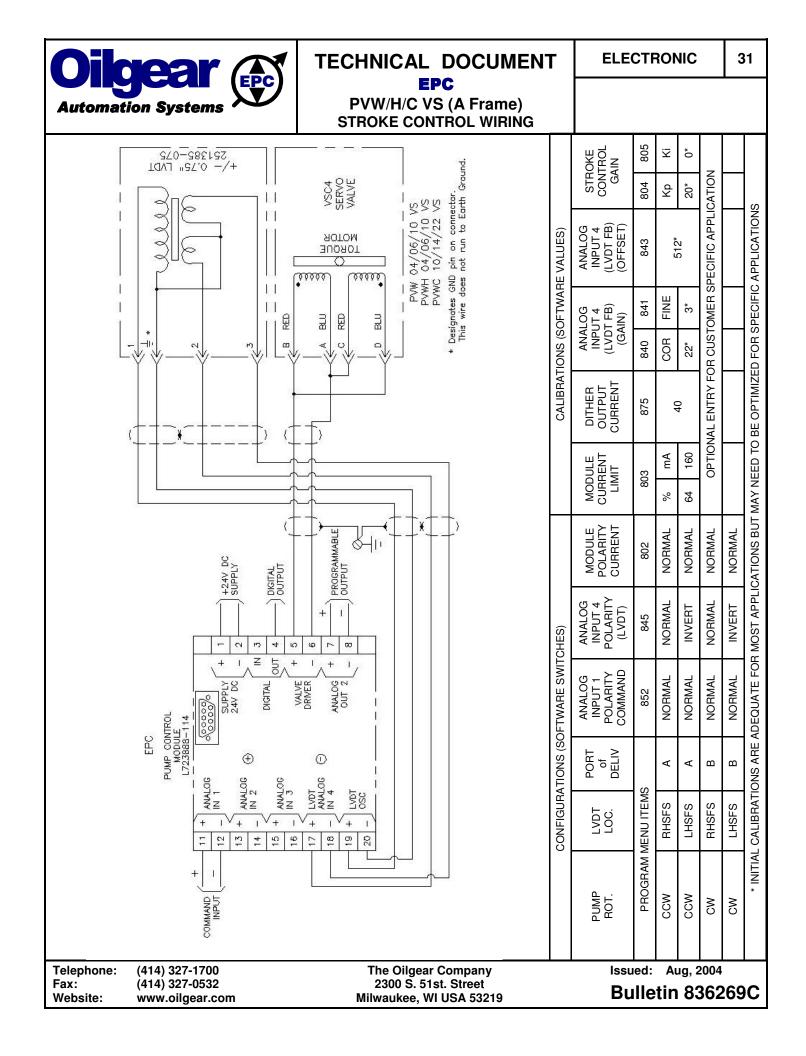
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VM (C Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- The LVDT is high pressure Sentech (251385-075) rated approximately +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 0.752 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VS (A Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

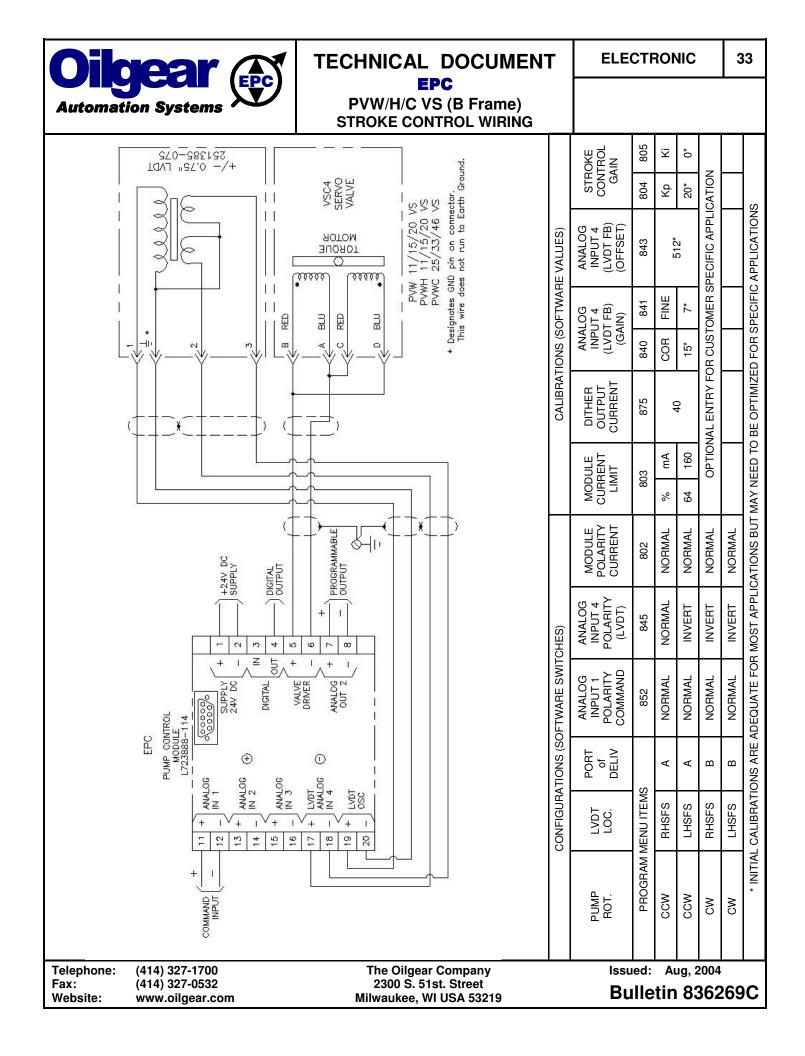
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VS (A Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is a high pressure Sentech (251385-075) rated approximately +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 0.462 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VS (B Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

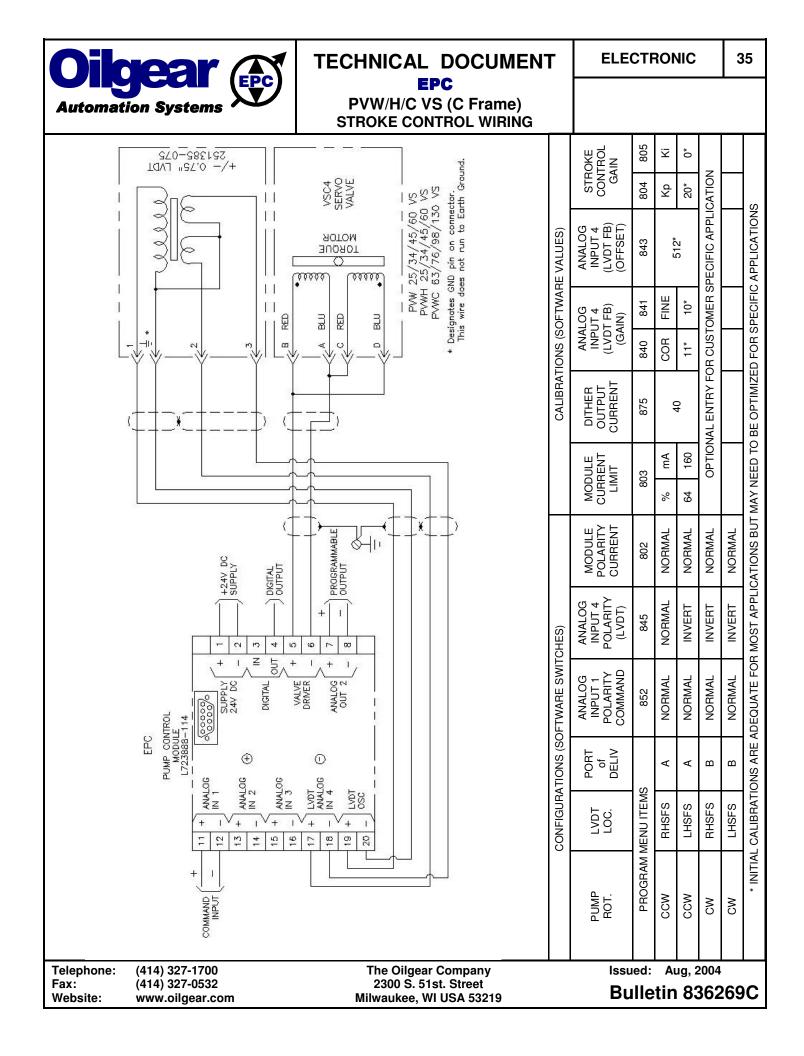
Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VS (B Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is a high pressure Sentech (251385-075) rated approximately +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 0.603 inch stroke.





TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VS (C Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

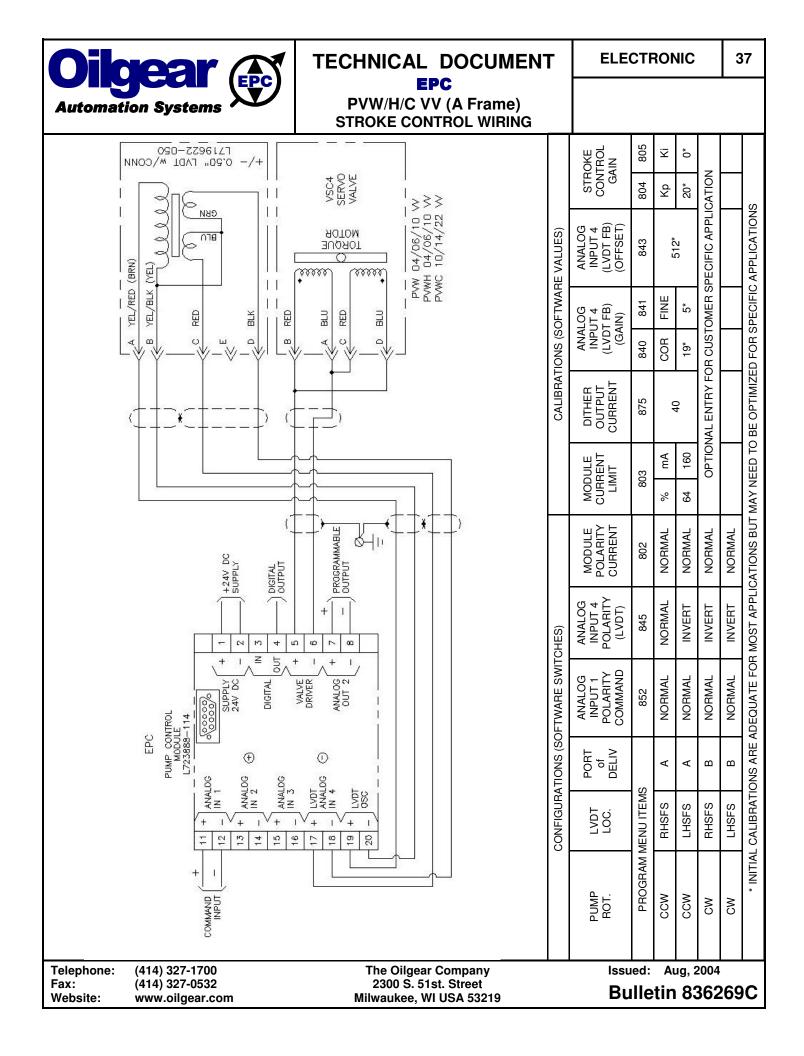
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VS (C Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is a high pressure Sentech (251385-075) rated approximately +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 0.752 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VV (A Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

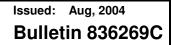
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

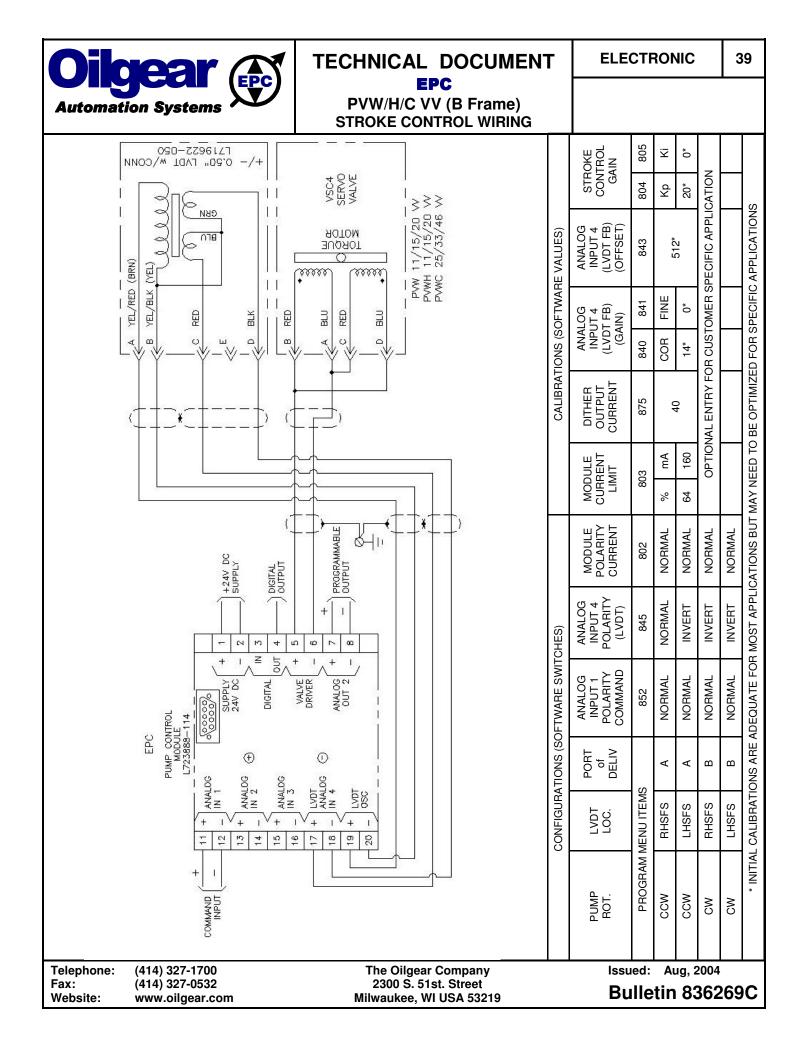
- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VV (A Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is rated +/- 0.50 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated at +/- 0.462 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VV (B Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

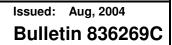
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

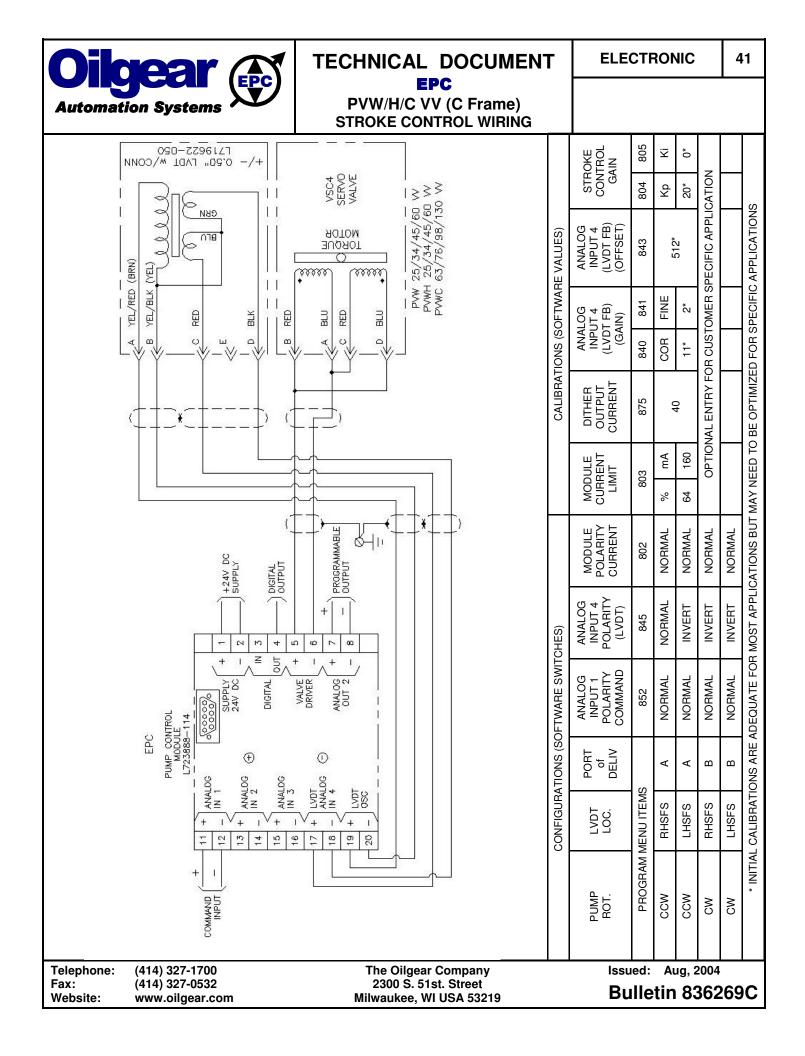
- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VV (B Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is rated +/- 0.50 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated at +/- 0.603 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVW/H/C VV (C Frame) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

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Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

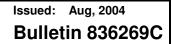
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

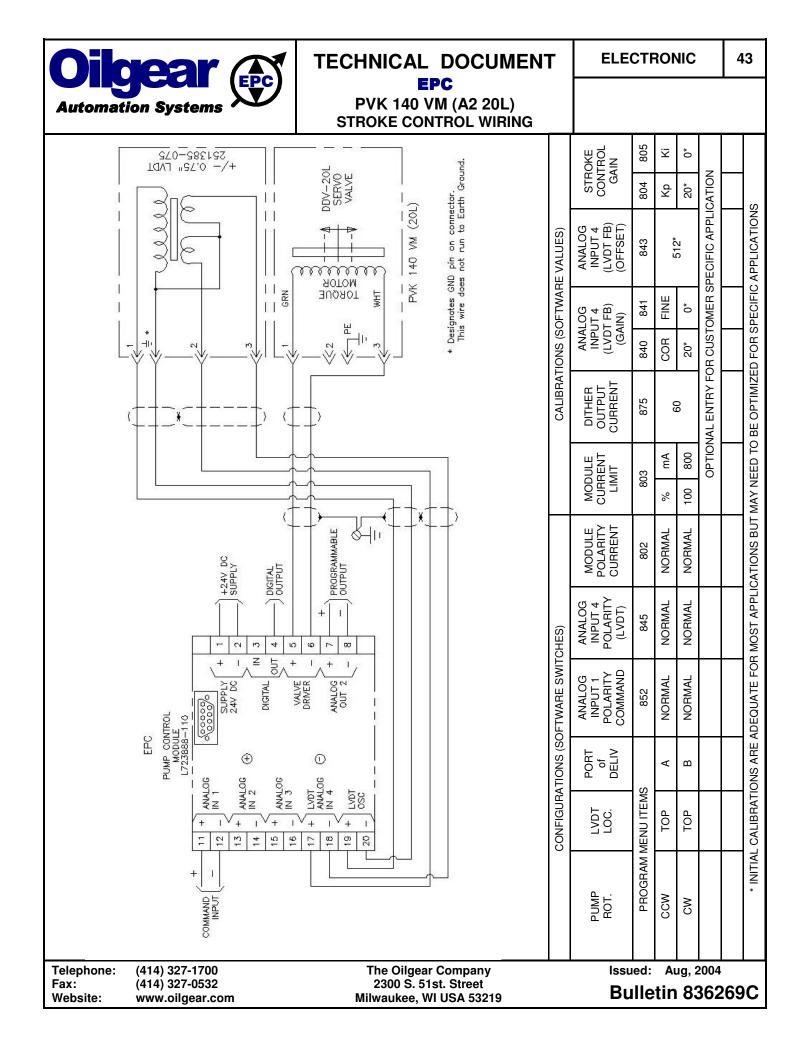
- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVW/H/C VV (C Frame) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- LVDT is rated +/- 0.50 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated at +/- 0.752 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 140 VM (A2 20L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

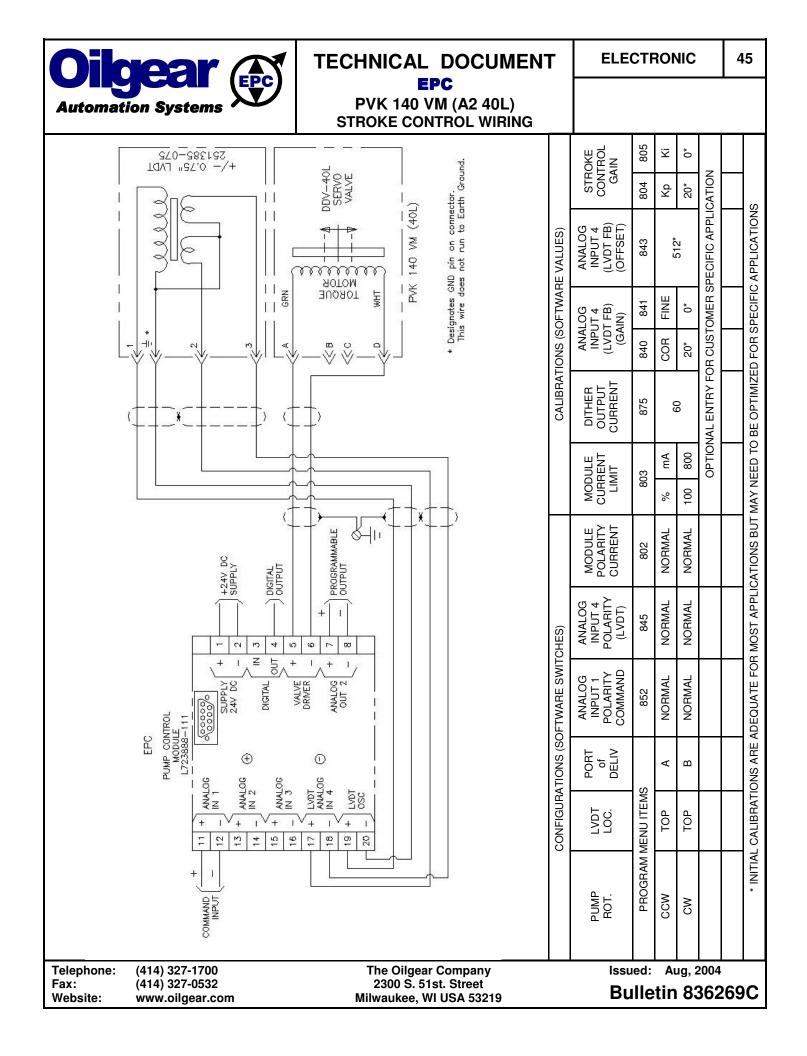
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 140 VM (20L) Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- High pressure Sentech LVDT (251385-075) is rated +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 140 (40L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

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Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

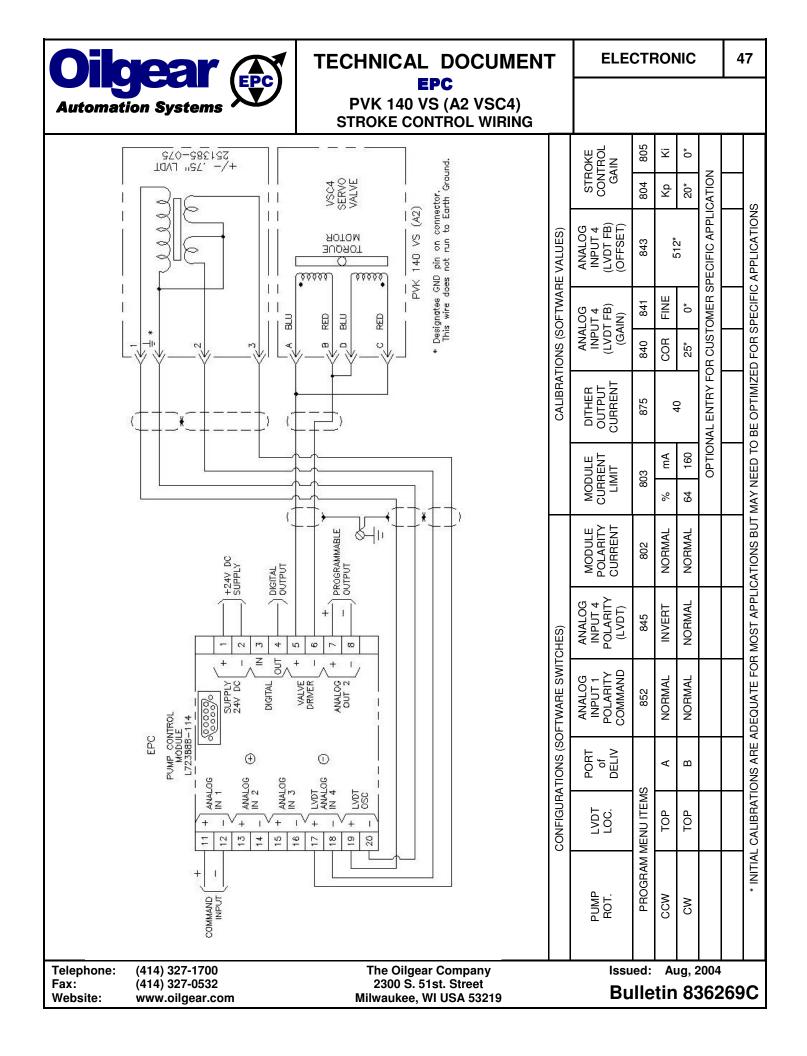
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 140 VM (40L) Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on top.
- High pressure Sentech LVDT (251385-075) is rated +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- The LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 140 VS (A2 VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

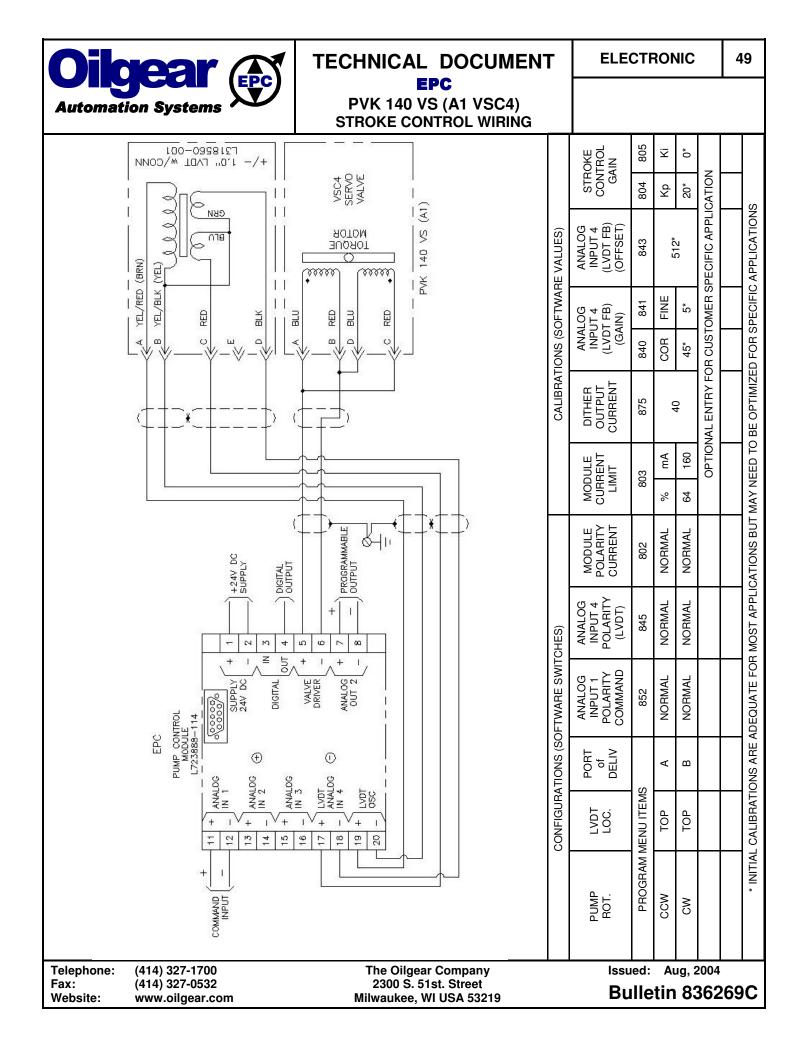
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 140 VS (A2) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- Design series A2 utilizing 251385-075 high pressure Sentech LVDT rated at +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole location.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 1.21 inch, control piston travel for +/- 0.488 inch LVDT stroke.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 140 VS (A1 VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

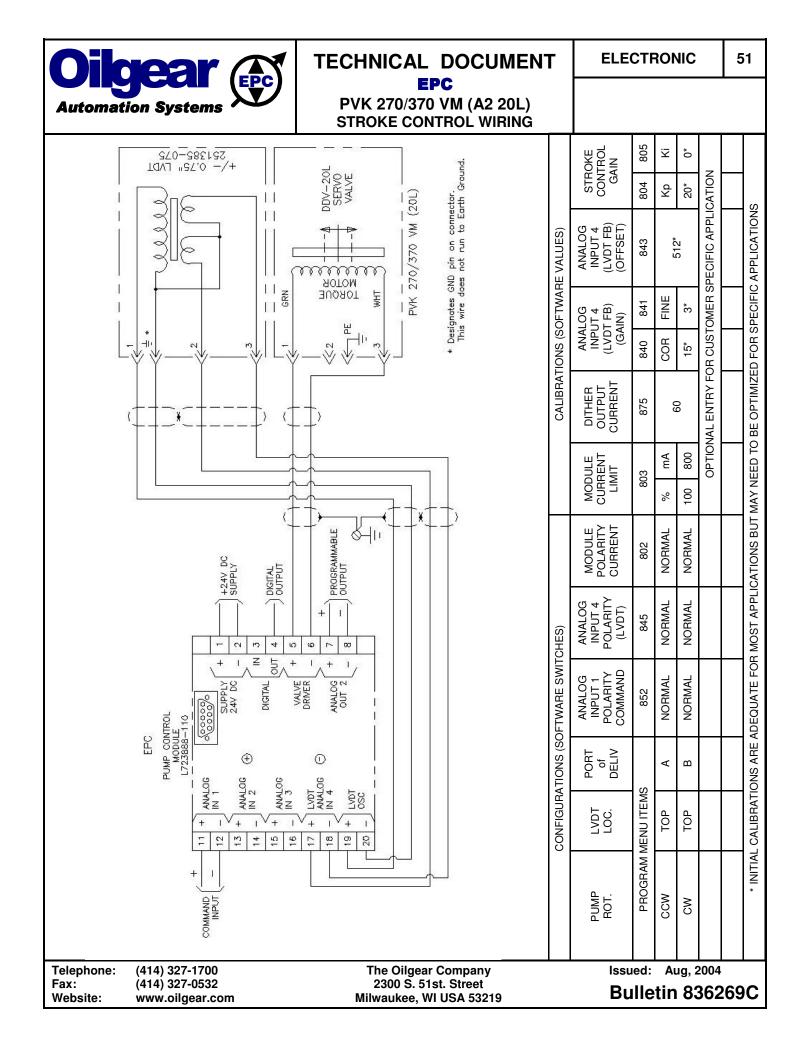
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 140 VS (A1) Notes:

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on top.
- Design series A1 utilizing L318560-001 LVDT rated at +/- 1.0 inch stroke.
- LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole location.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 1.21 inch, control piston travel for +/- 0.488 inch LVDT stroke.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 270/370 VM (A2 20L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

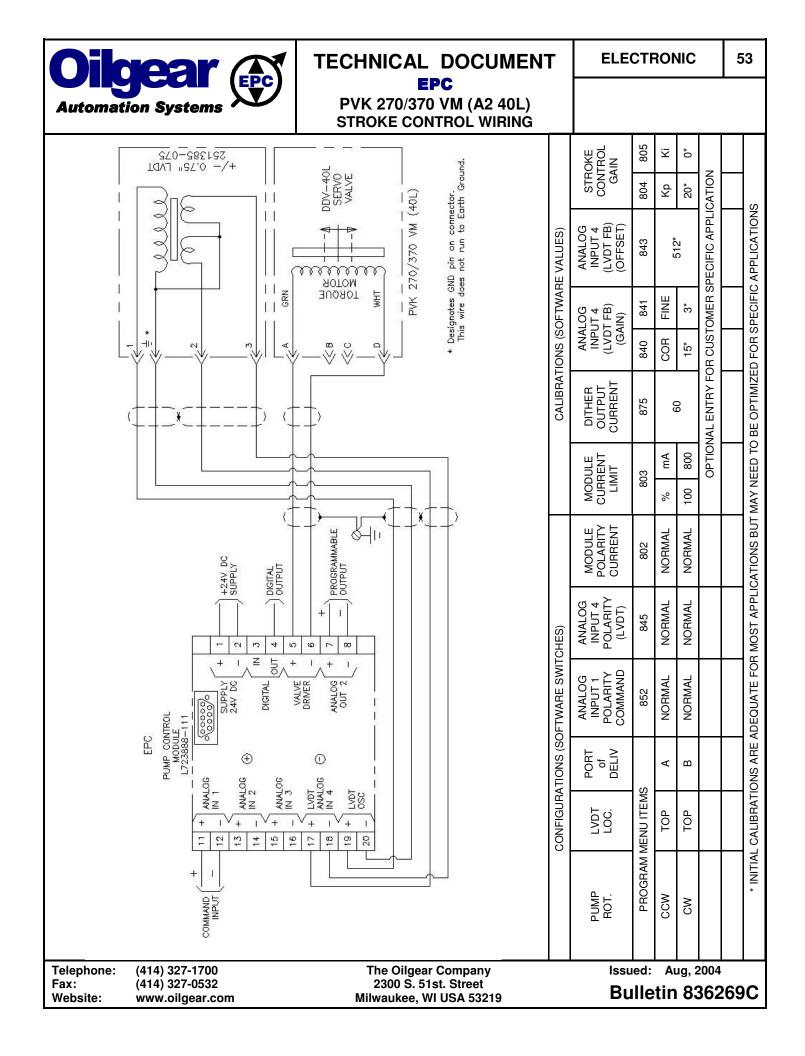
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 270/370 VM (20L) Notes:

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on LHSFS.
- High pressure Sentech LVDT (251385-075) is rated at +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole location.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 1.62 inch, control piston travel for +/- 0.62 inch LVDT stroke.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 270/370 VM (A2 40L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

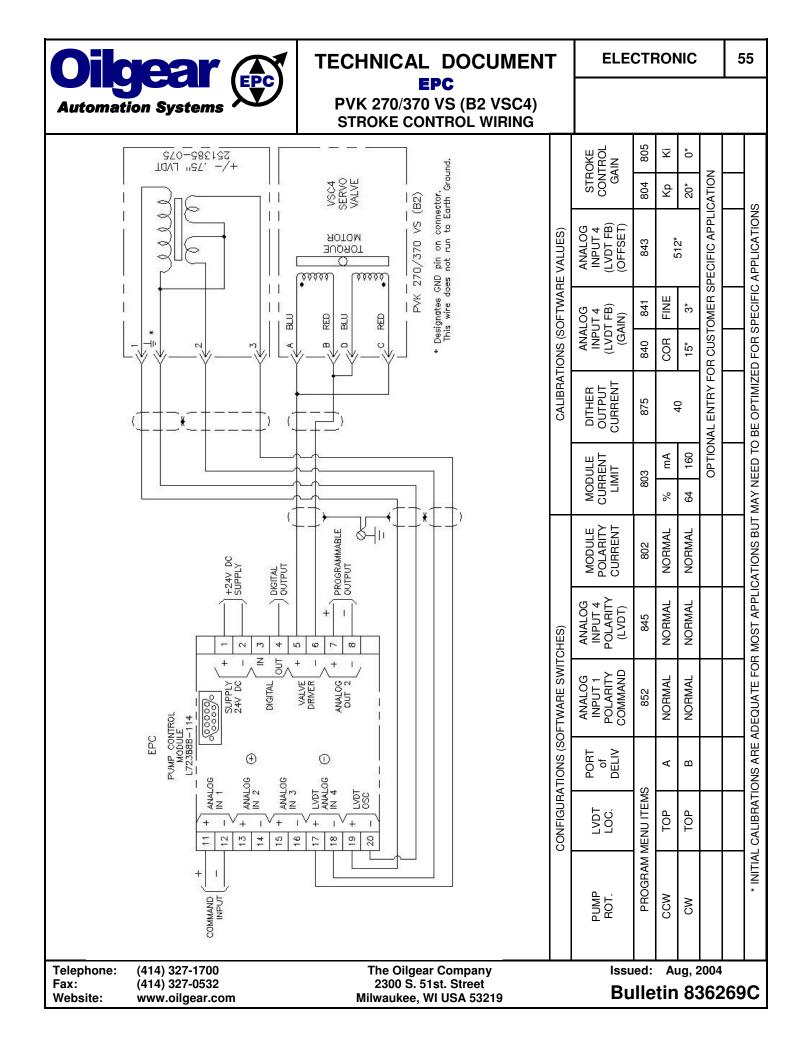
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 270/370 VM (40L) Notes;

- The servo valve (Moog DDV) is always mounted on LHSFS.
- High pressure Sentech LVDT (251385-075) is rated at +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole location.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 1.62 inch, control piston travel for +/- 0.62 inch LVDT stroke.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 270/370 VS (B2 VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

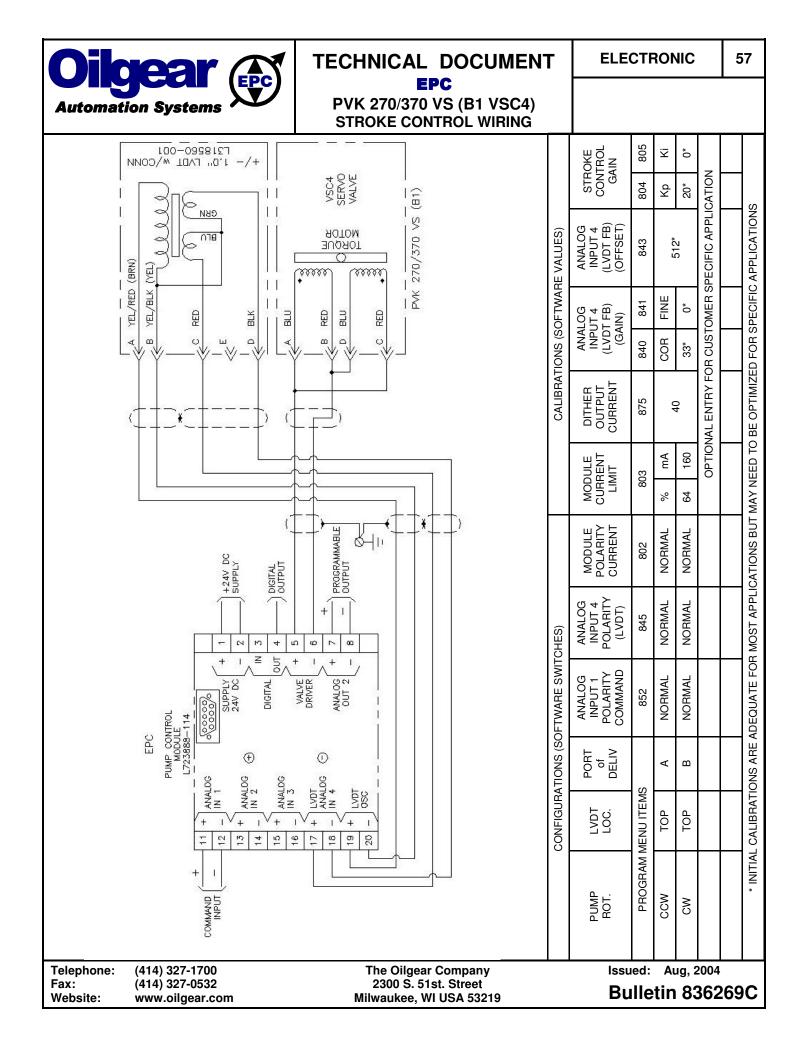
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 270/370 VS (B2) Notes;

- Servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on the LHSFS.
- Design series B2 utilizing 251385-075 high pressure Sentech LVDT rated at +/- 0.75 inch stroke.
- LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole location.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 1.62 inch, control piston travel for +/- 0.62 inch LVDT stroke.
- "A" port located on the LHSFS, "B" port located on the RHSFS.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVK 270/370 VS (B1 VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

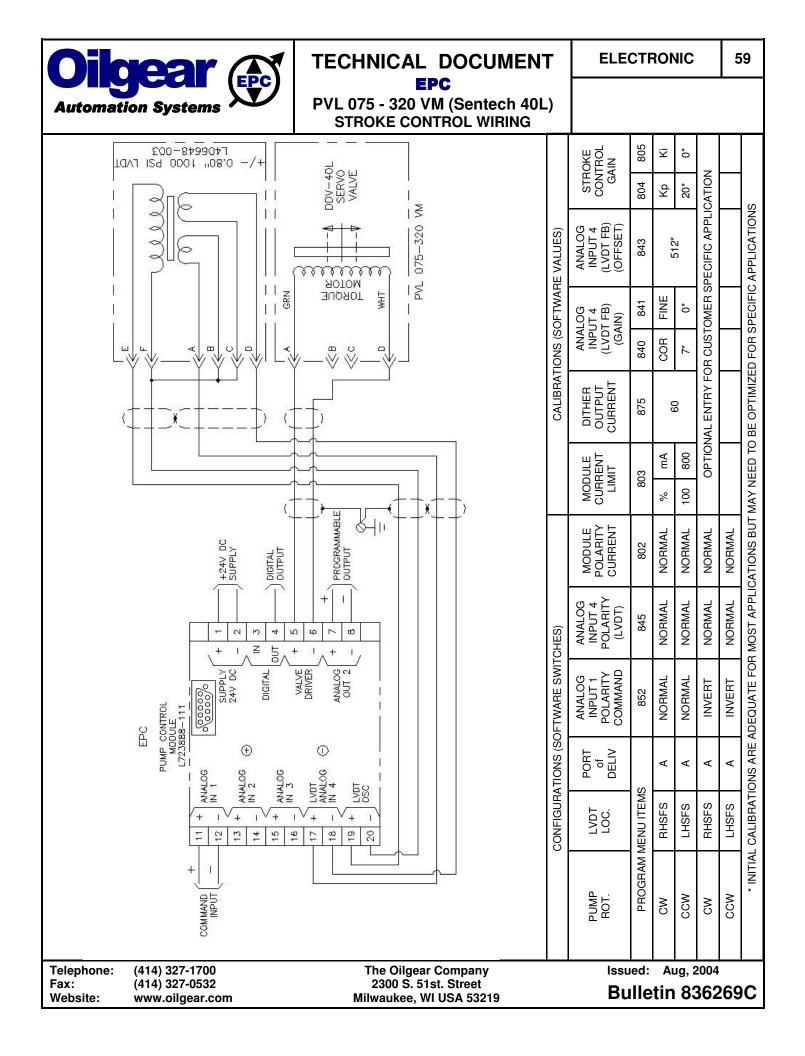
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVK 270/370 VS (B1) Notes;

- The servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is always mounted on the LHSFS.
- Design series B1 utilizing L318560-001 LVDT rated at +/- 1.0 inch stroke.
- LVDT is always mounted on top and function does not change for either mounting hole location.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 1.62 inch, control piston travel for +/- 0.62 inch LVDT stroke.
- "A" port is located on the LHSFS, "B" port on the RHSFS.

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PVL 075 - 320 VM (Sentech 40L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

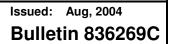
Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

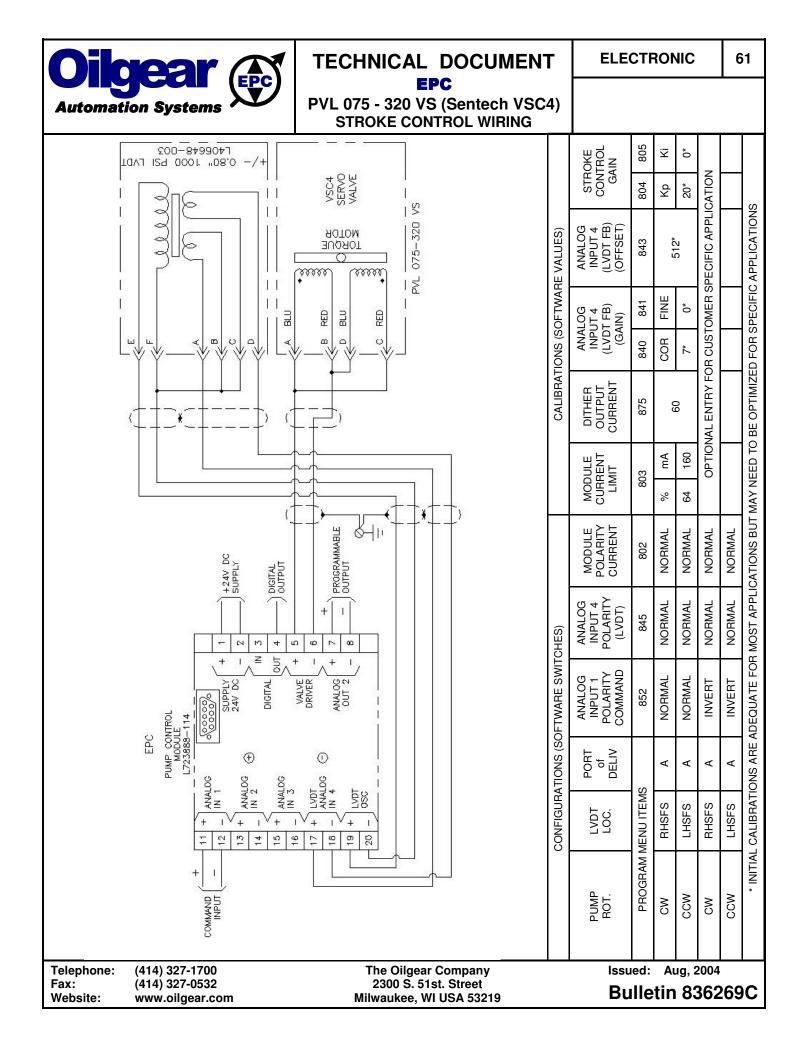
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVL 075/320 VM Notes:

- The control block with servo valve (Moog DDV) and LVDT (high pressure low impedance) may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump control piston and LVDT are both rated approximately +/- 0.800 inch stroke.







PVL 075 - 320 VS (Sentech VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

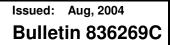
Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

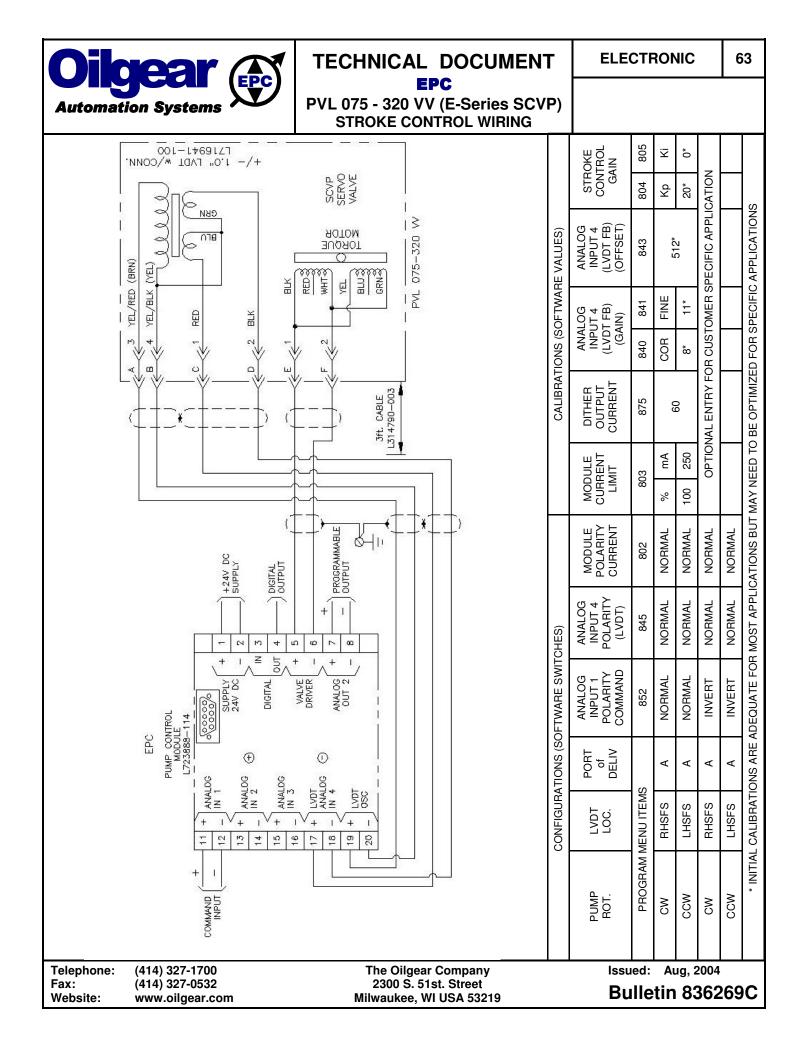
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVL 075/320 VS Notes:

- The control block with servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) and LVDT (high pressure low impedance) may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump control piston and LVDT are both rated approximately +/- 0.800 inch stroke.







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PVL 075 - 320 VV (E-Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

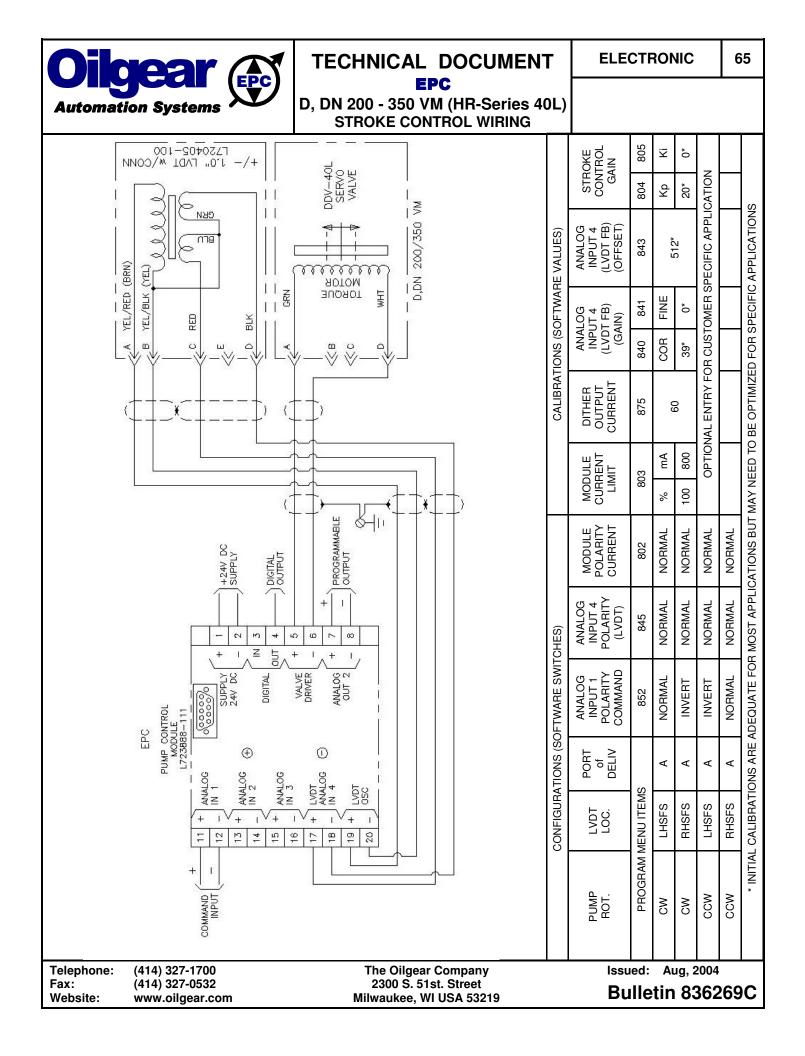
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVL 075/320 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.800 inch.

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D, DN 200 - 350 VM (HR-Series 40L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

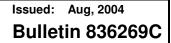
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

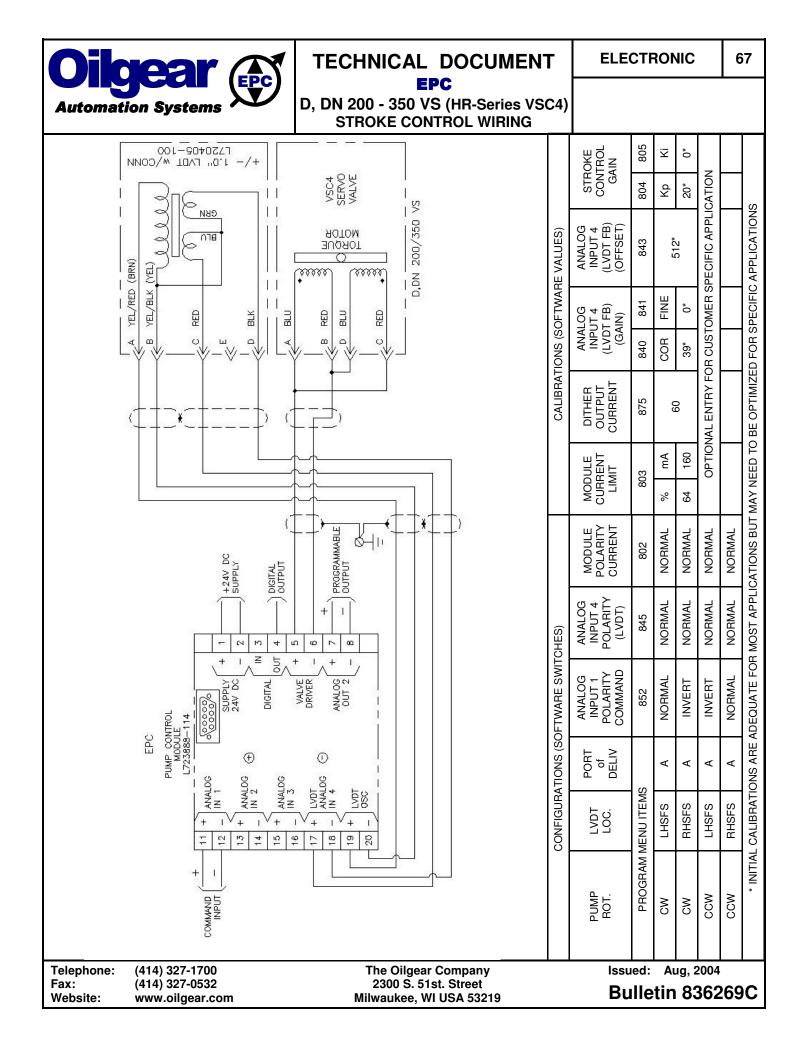
- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D,DN 200/350 VM Notes:

- Servo valve (Moog DDV) is mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.675 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 1.00 inch.

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Automation Systems

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D, DN 200 - 350 VS

STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

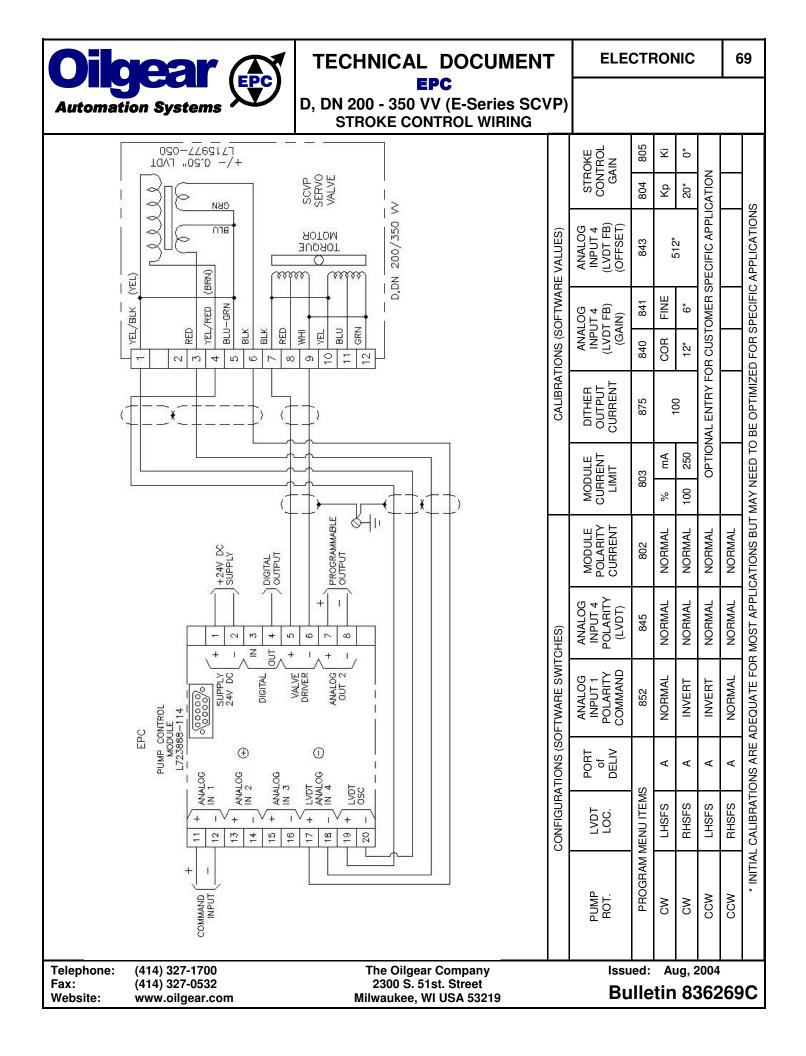
Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D,DN 200/350 VS Notes:

- Servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump mechanical stroke is at approximately +/- 0.675 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 1.00 inch.





D, DN 200 - 350 VV (E-Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

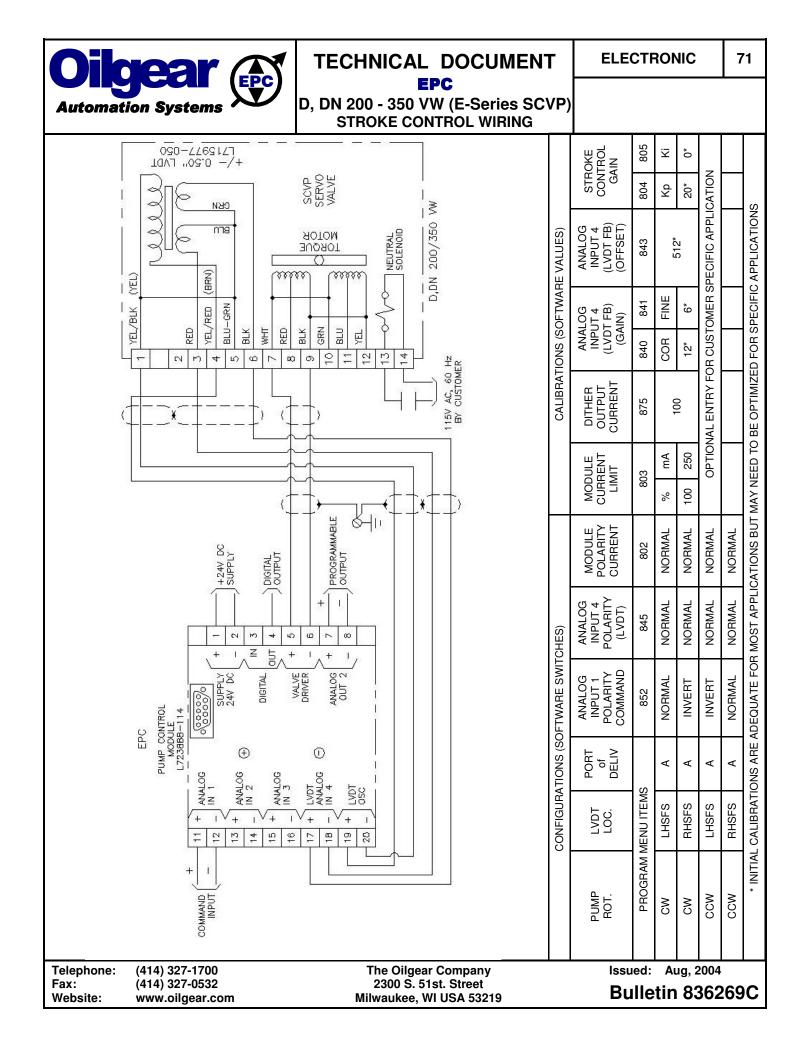
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D,DN 200/350 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.675 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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D, DN 200 - 350 VW (E-Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

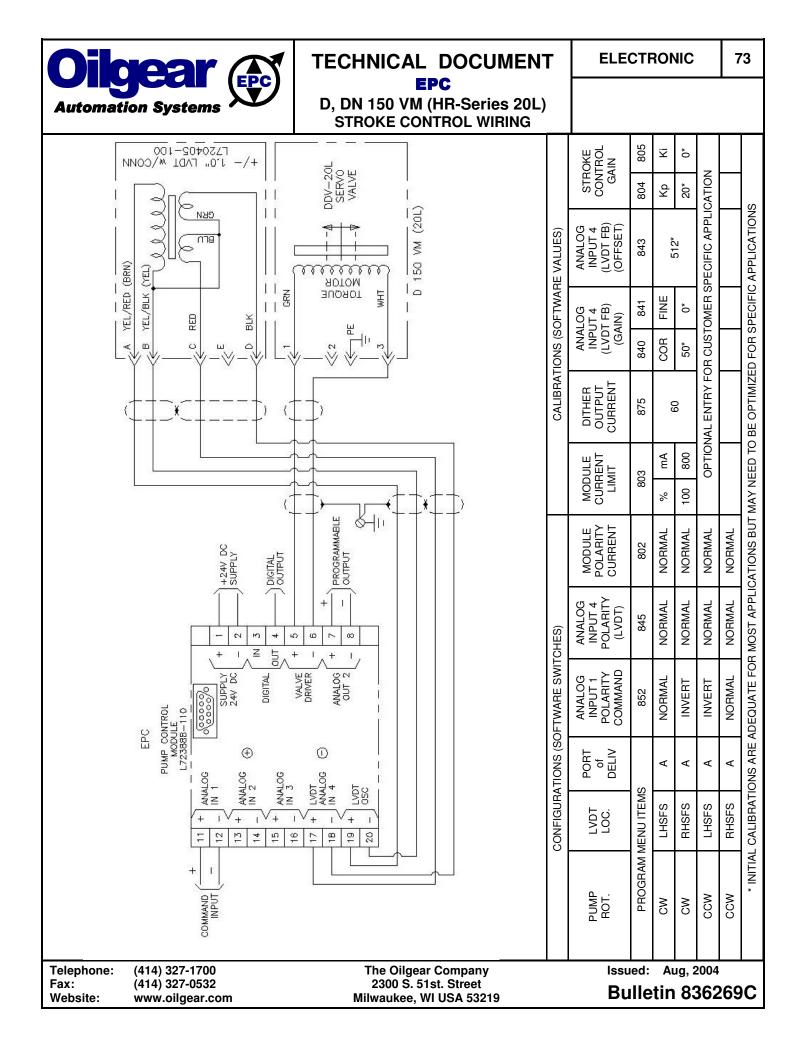
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D,DN 200/350 VW Notes:

- The VW control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.675 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.
- The control and pump should be at neutral mechanically with the neutral solenoid de-energized (servo control disabled).

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D, DN 150 VM (HR-Series 20L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

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General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

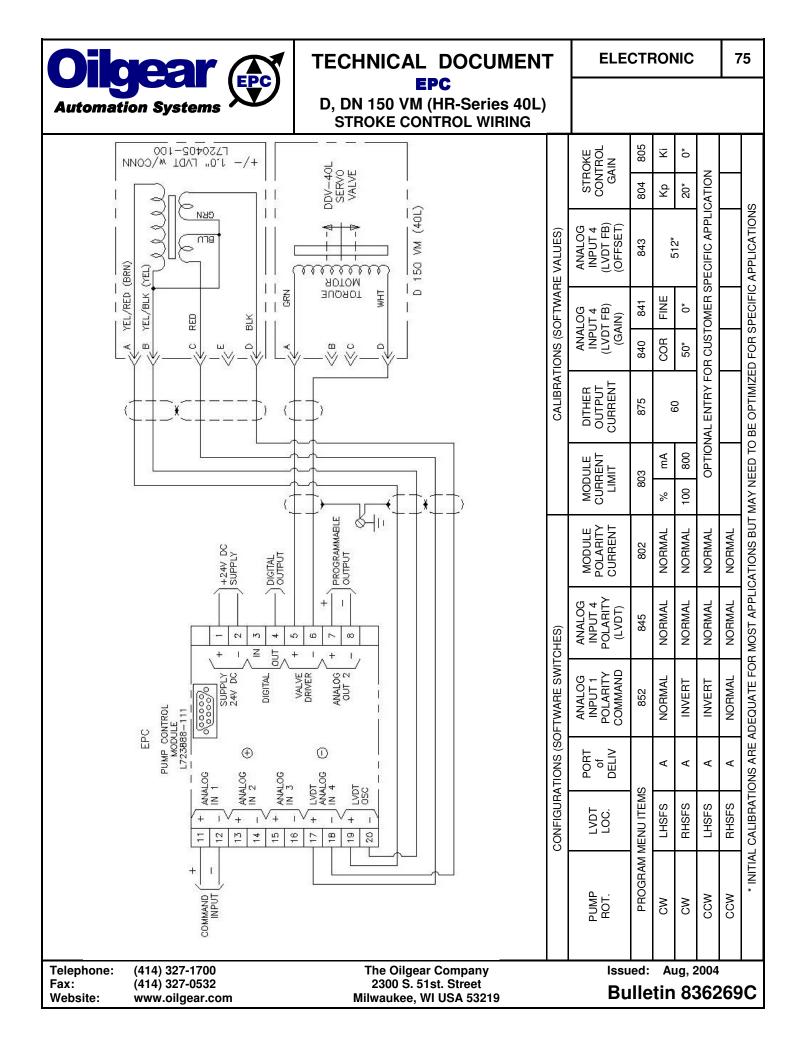
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 150 VM (20L) Notes:

- Servo valve (Moog DDV) is mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.531.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 1.00 Inch.

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D, DN 150 VM (HR-Series 40L) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

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General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

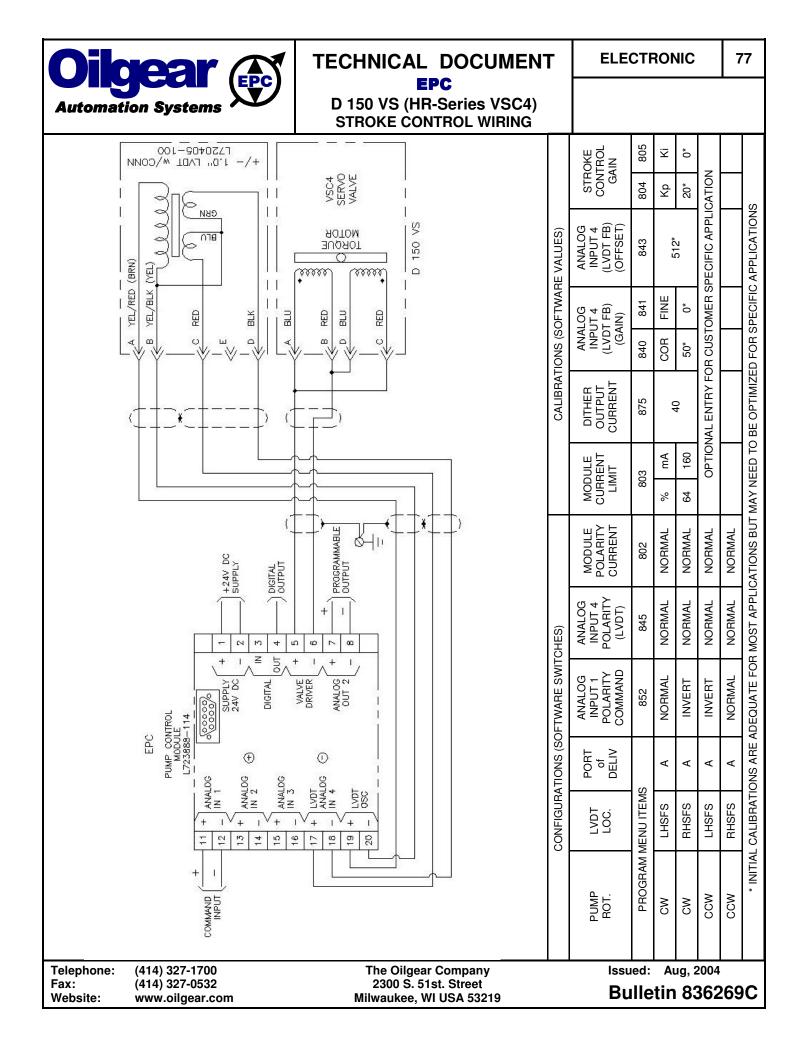
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 150 VM (40L) Notes:

- Servo valve (Moog DDV) is mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.531 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 1.00 inch.

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D 150 VS (HR-Series VSC4) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

ELECTRONIC

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General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

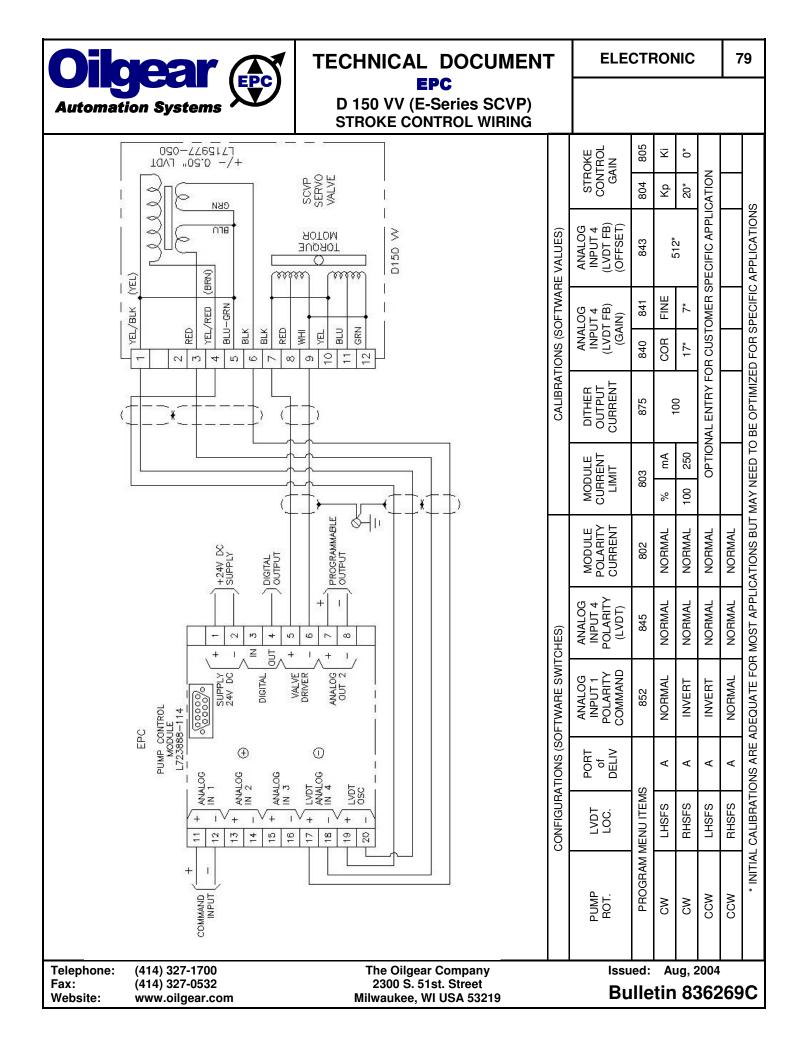
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 150 VS Notes:

- Servo valve (VSC4/SCVA) is mounted on either side of the pump.
- The pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.531 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 1.00 inch.

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D 150 VV (E-Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

ELECTRONIC

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

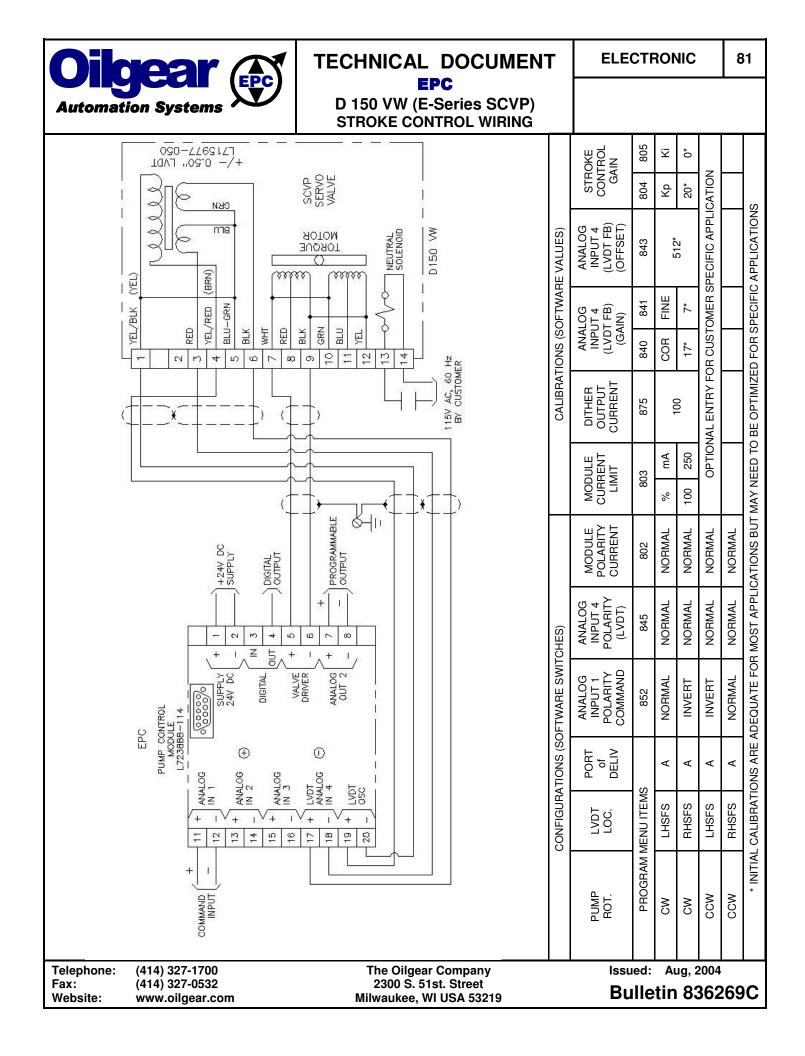
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 150 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.531 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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D 150 VW (E-Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

ELECTRONIC

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

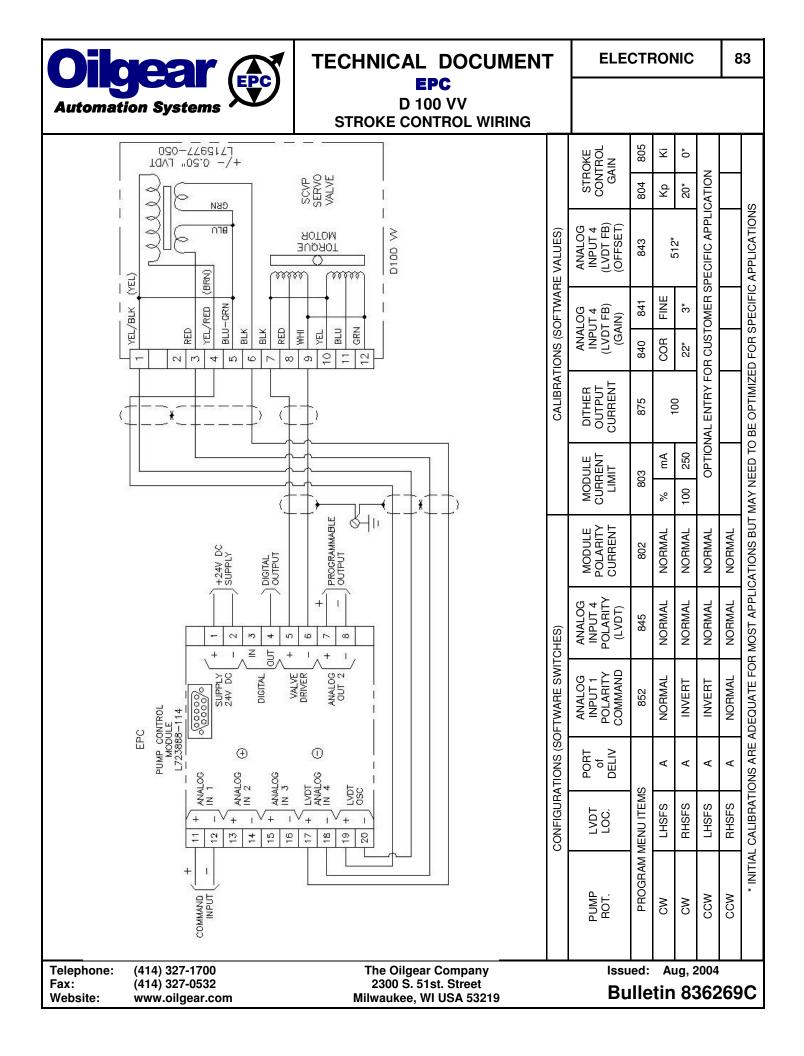
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 150 VW Notes:

- The VW controls contain both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.531 inch.
- The control and pump should be at neutral mechanically with the neutral solenoid de-energized (servo control disabled).
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D 100 VV STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

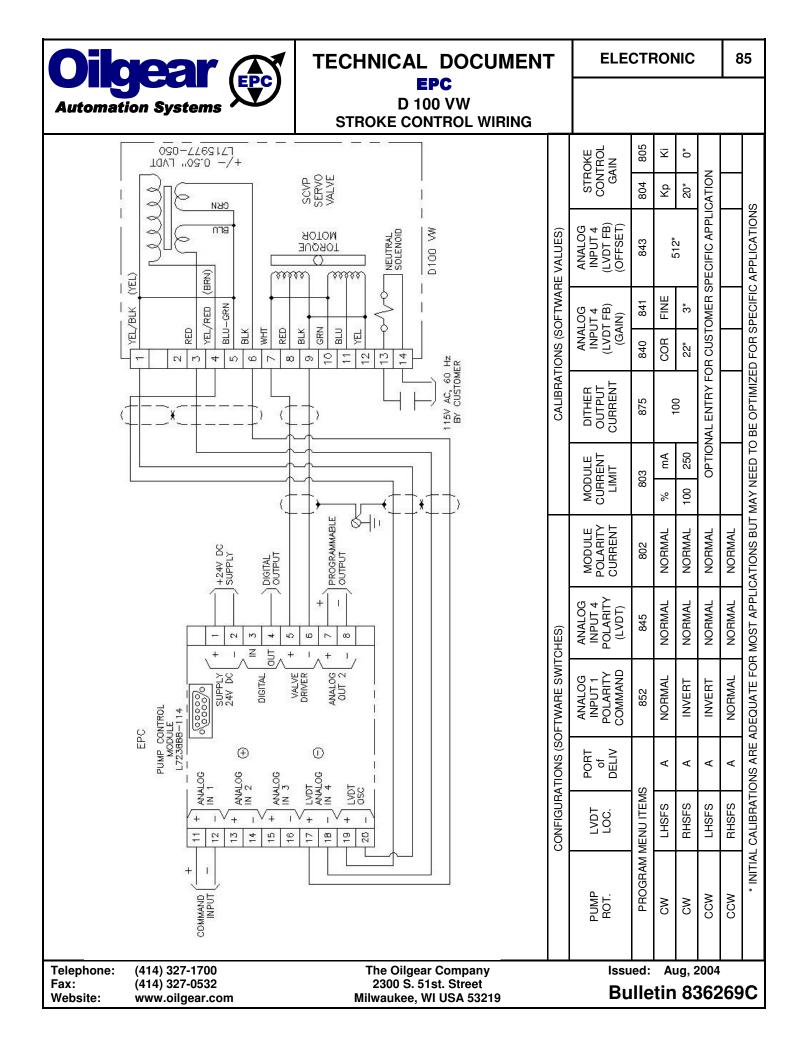
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 100 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.406 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D 100 VW STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

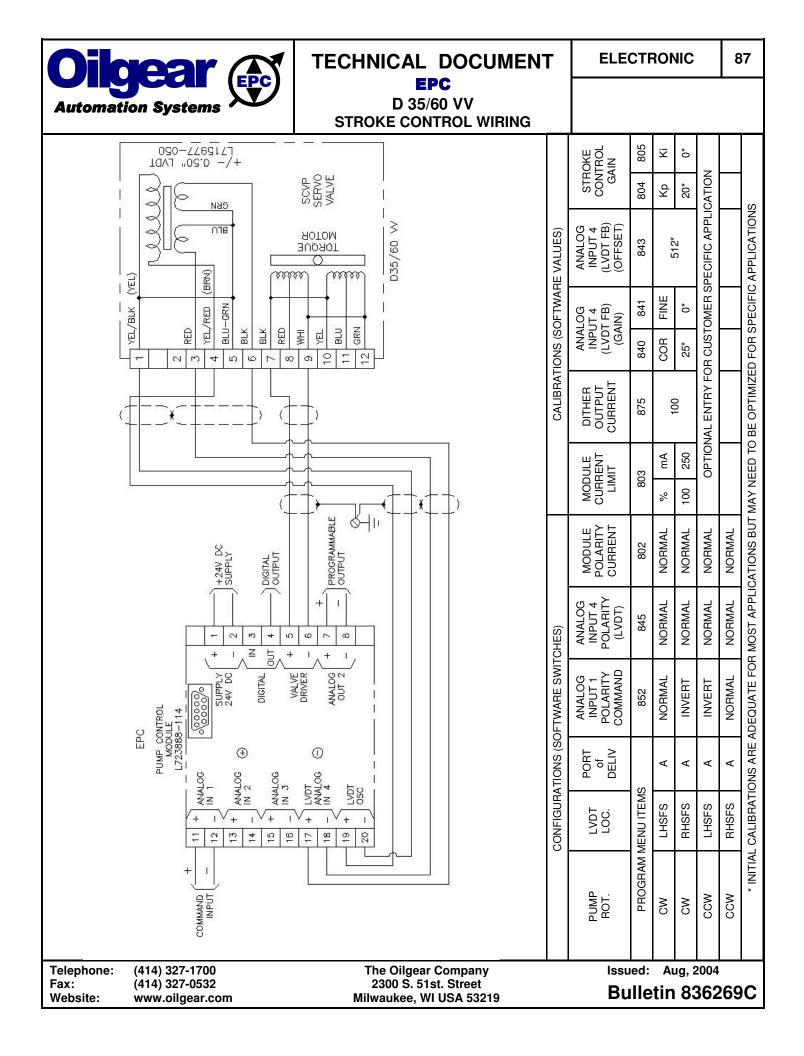
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 100 VW Notes:

- The VW controls contain both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.406 inch.
- The control and pump should be at neutral mechanically with the neutral solenoid de-energized (servo control disabled).
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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Automation Systems

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D 35/60 VV STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

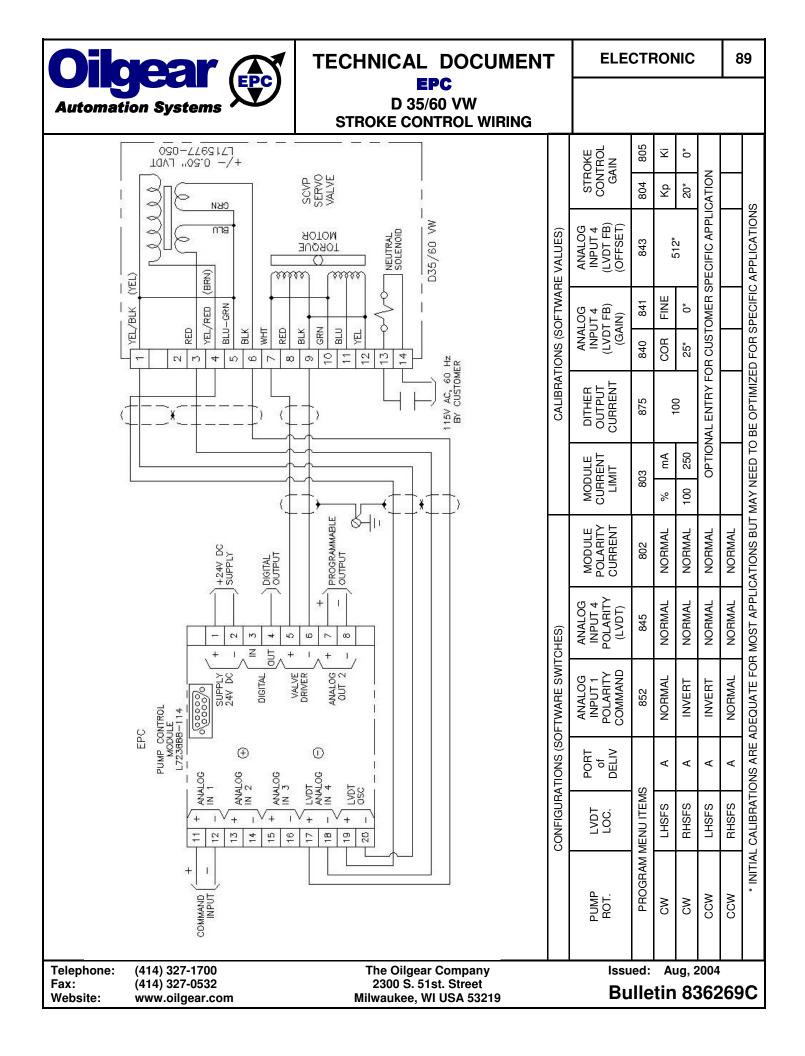
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 35/60 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.375 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D 35/60 VW STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

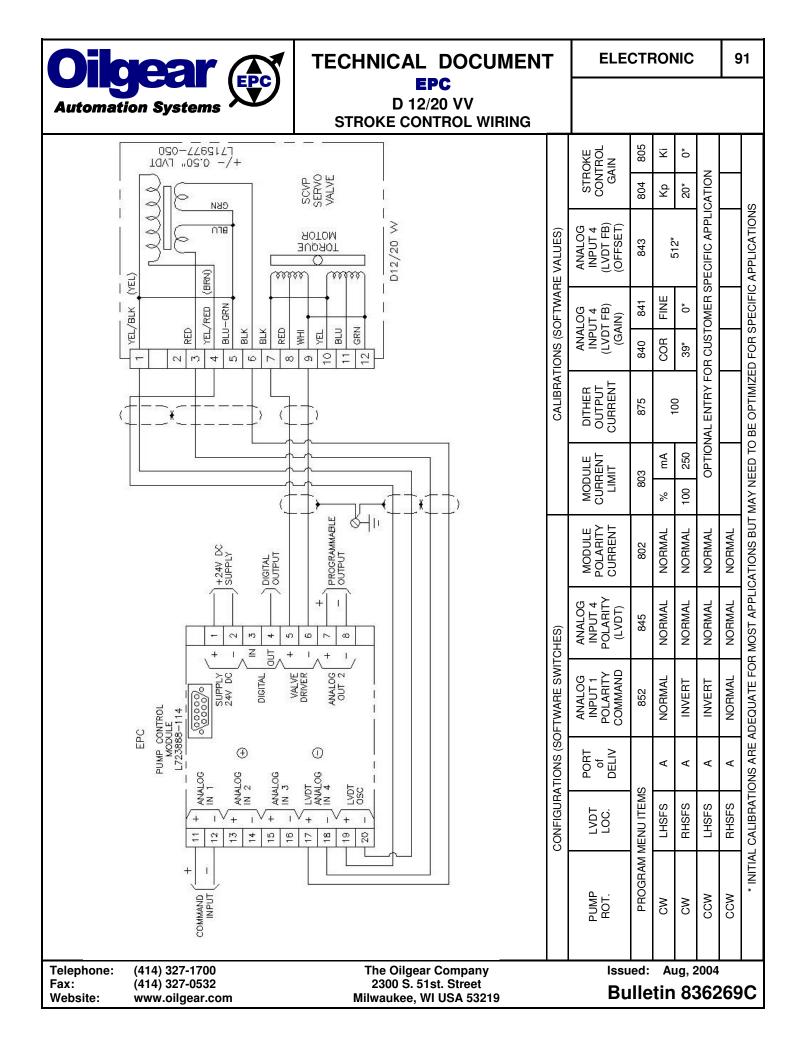
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 35/60 VW Notes:

- The VW controls contain both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.375 inch.
- The control and pump should be at neutral mechanically with the neutral solenoid de-energized (servo control disabled).
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D 12/20 VV STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

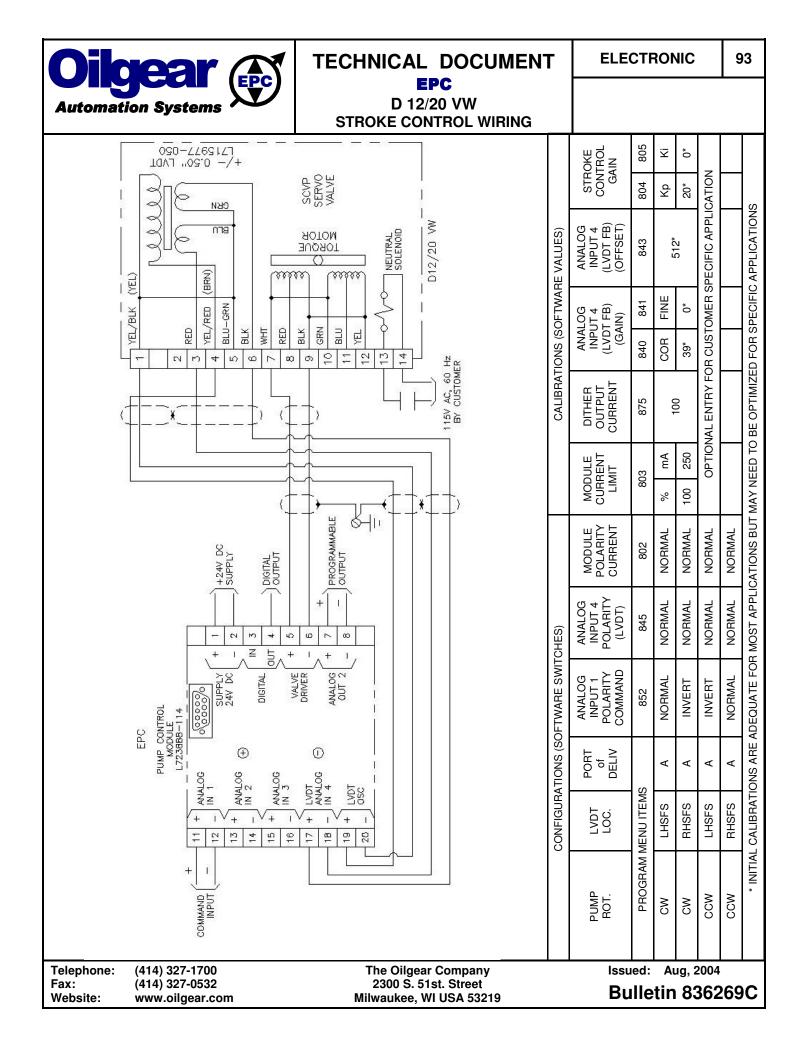
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 12/20 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.250 inch.
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC D 12/20 VW STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

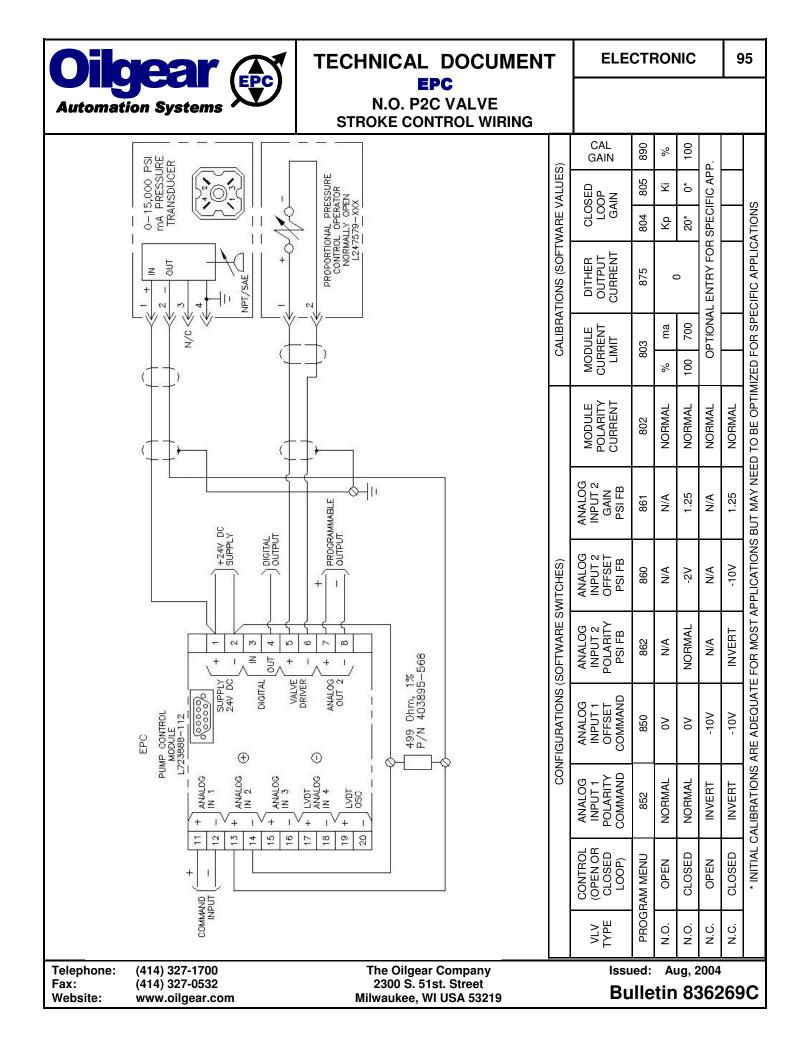
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

D 12/20 VW Notes:

- The VW controls contain both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.406 inch.
- The control and pump should be at neutral mechanically with the neutral solenoid de-energized (servo control disabled).
- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/- 0.50 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC N.O. P2C VALVE STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

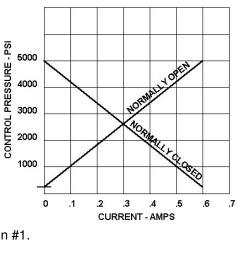
Reference Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". It may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, and damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

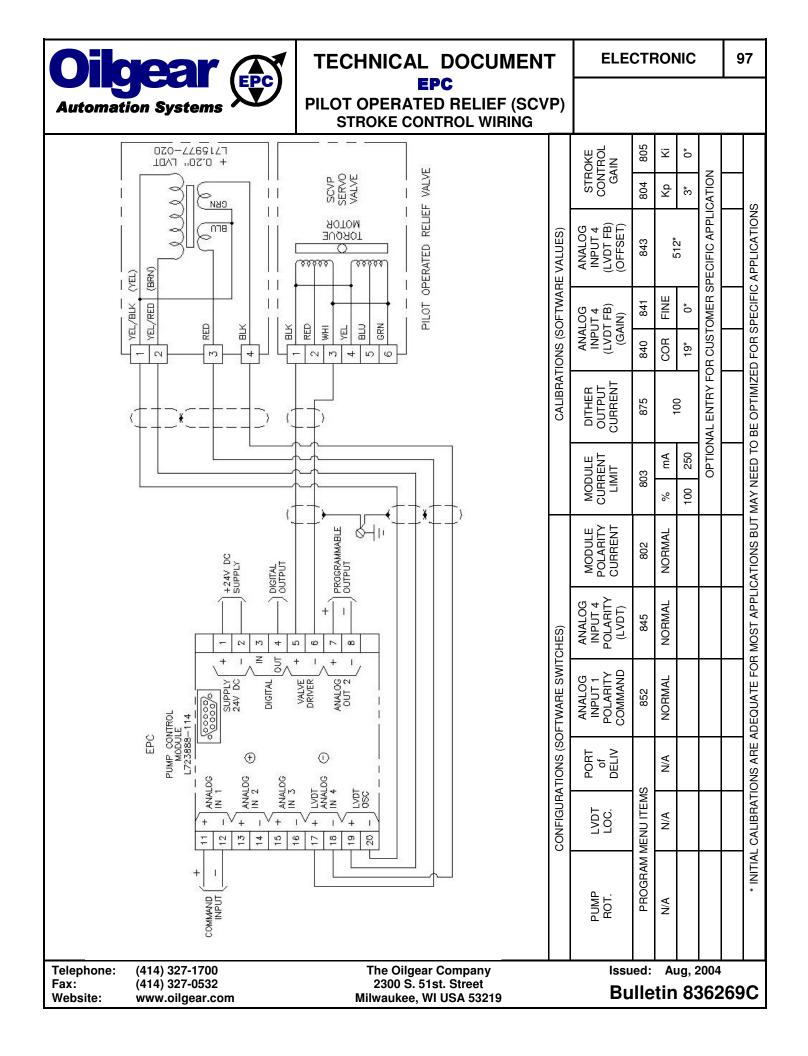
- Valve Type Proportional valves are designed as Normally Open (NO) or Normally Closed (NC). See notes 4 and 5 below.
- **Control Mode** Control Modes are either Open Loop or Closed Loop (Pressure Feedback).
- **Polarity (Command)** Commands may be either current (mA) or voltage plus, (+) DC polarity, for valve type as determined above. 0V to 10V command to be 0 PSI to 5000 PSI setting for both NO and NC valves.
- Offset (Command) Signal conditioning the Command may require offsetting this input to make a 0V to 10V Command into a 0 PSI to 5000 PSI setting for both NO and NC valves.
- Polarity (Feedback) Pressure Feedback may be either current (4 to 20mA) or voltage (0 to 10V), plus (+) DC voltage polarity, for valve type as determined above. However, the table uses a 4 to 20mA Feedback for a 0 PSI to 5000 PSI setting for both NO and NC valves.
- Offset (Feedback) Signal conditioning the Feedback requires offsetting this input to make a 4 to 20mA (2-10VDC) Feedback into 0 PSI to 5000 PSI for both NO and NC valve examples.
- **Polarity, Module (Current)** Determines the direction of the driver current. For his valve, the setting is always Normal (Positive Current).
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specific valve. Wrong current limit entries may result In valve reduced performance and life.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides optional current pulse to help keep valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design, and not used with P/N247579-XXX valves.
- Stroke Control Gain (Closed Loop Gain) Sets valve response (reaction time) and accuracy of pressure setting.
- Servo Attenuation (Calibration Gain) Sets the correct current output for a maximum dc voltage Command in open loop configuration.

P2C Notes:

- EPC input accepts a 0 to 10V or 4 to 20ma input from the transducer.
- For analog P2C amplifier module retrofits, using a millivolt transducer, it must be changed to a 0 to 10V or 4 to 20ma transducer.
- Do not disassemble the P2C Operator.
- When using a Normally Open P2C Operator, relief valve will go to minimum pressure when the electrical power is disconnected.
- When using a Normally Closed P2C Operator, relief valve will go to maximum pressure when the electrical power is disconnected.
- EPC valve driver is PWM at a frequency to match P/N 247579-XXX valves.
- 247579-XXX Valves are polarity dependent and require valve driver positive (+) terminal #5 to be connected to valve connector pin #1.



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PILOT OPERATED RELIEF (SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". It may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of valve control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

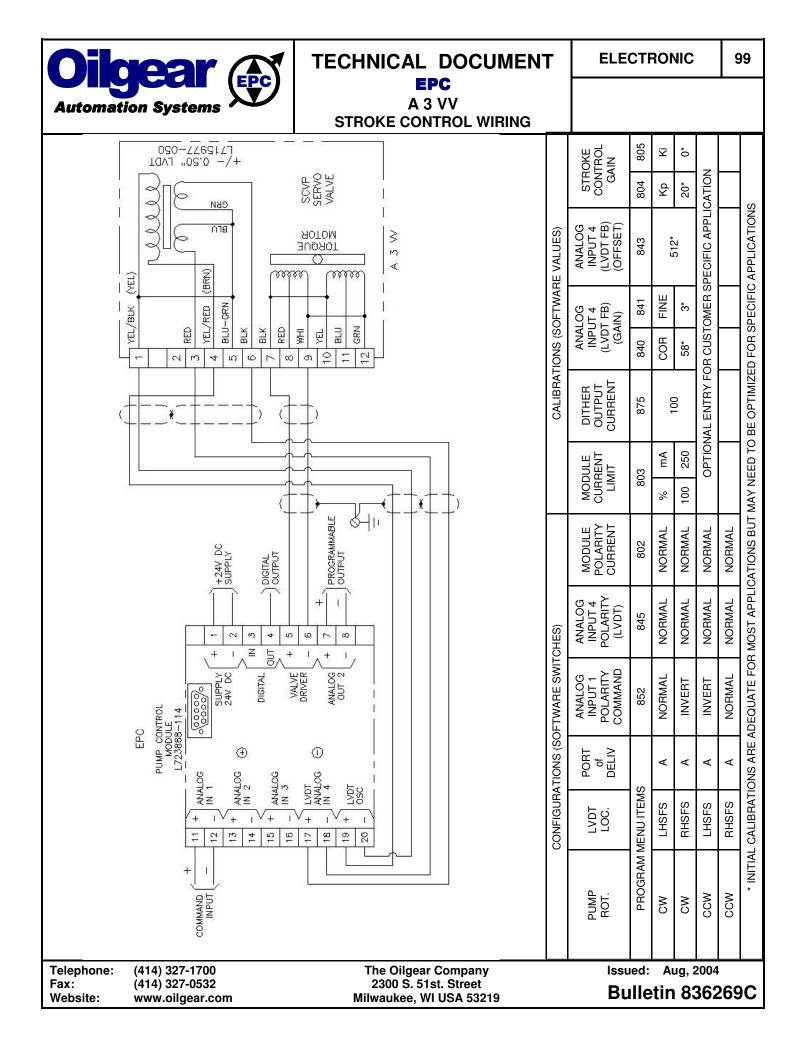
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, valve response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation N/A
- LVDT Location Is Fixed
- Port of Delivery N/A
- **Polarity (Command)** Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage/current for increasing pressure setting.
- Polarity (LVDT) The LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- **Polarity, Module (Current)** The servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow. The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for an increasing pressure.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to mechanical stroke and pressure range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to minimum mechanical pressure. The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical valve machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets valve response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking to pressure setting.

Pilot Operated Relief Valve (SCVP) Notes:

- The LVDT is rated at approximately +/-.200 inch stroke used for a one-way actual stroke of approximately 0.150 inch depending on maximum pressure and spring compression rate.
- Analog input #2 may be used with a pressure transducer of either 0 to 10vdc or 4 to 20ma to close the pressure control loop for improved repeatability and linearity with reduced hysterisis.

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EPC A 3 VV STROKE CONTROL WIRING

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

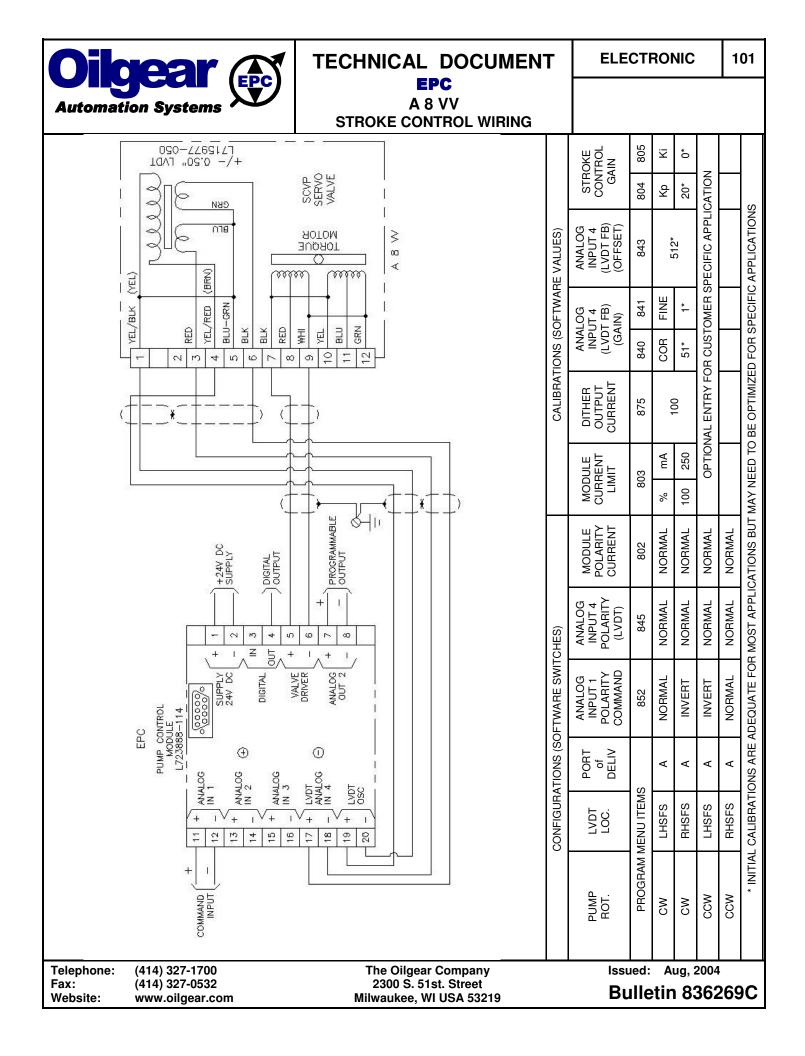
- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

A 3 VV Notes:

Automation Systems

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.188 inch.

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EPC A 8 VV STROKE CONTROL WIRING

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

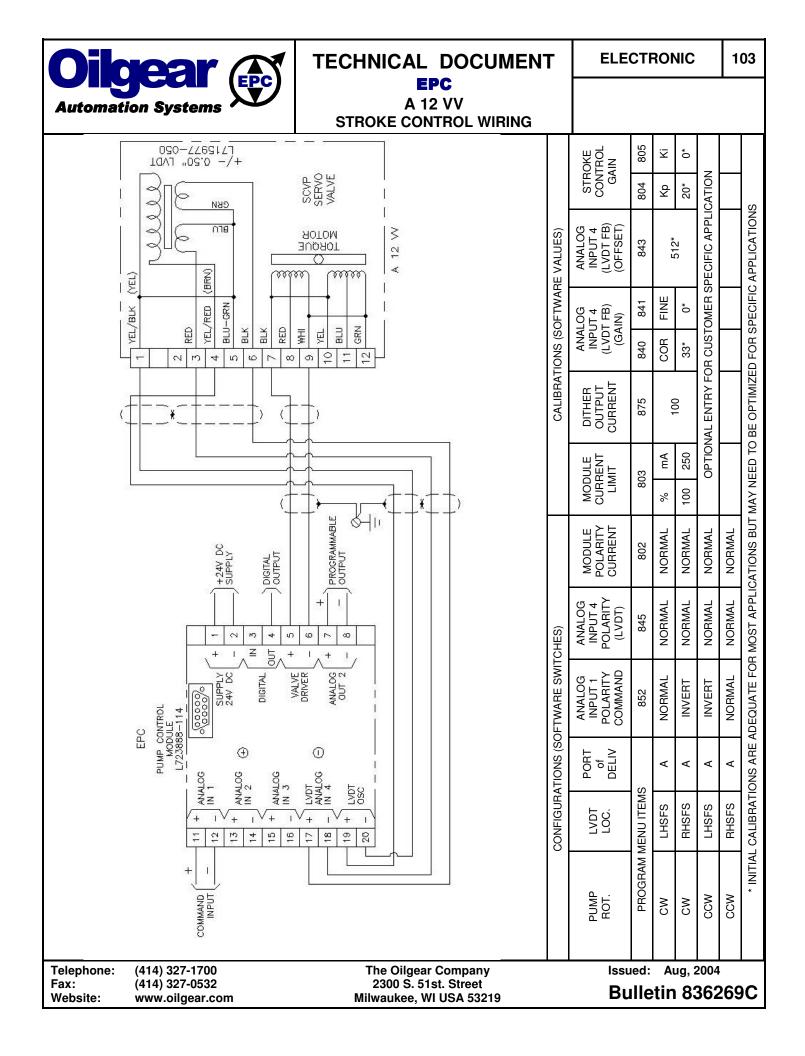
- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

A 8 VV Notes:

Automation Systems

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torque motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.214 inch.

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EPC A 12 VV STROKE CONTROL WIRING

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

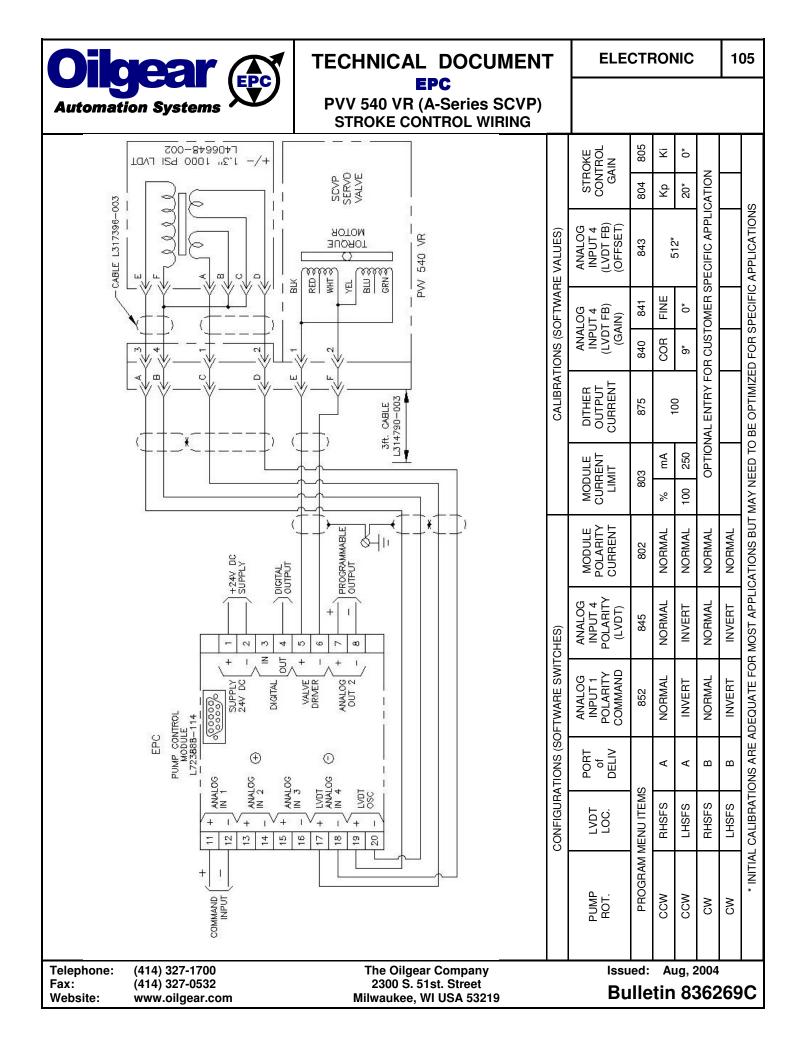
- **Pump Rotation** Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- Port of Delivery Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- Current Limit Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

A 12 VV Notes:

- The V-V control contains both the LVDT and torgue motor servo valve (SCVP) in a common housing and may be mounted on either side of the pump.
- Several sizes of servo valve are available for this pump, which affect the hydraulic gain (response) and will affect optimum "Gain Pump Response" calibration.
- Pump mechanical stroke is rated at approximately +/- 0.318 inch.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVV 540 VR (A-Series SCVP) STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

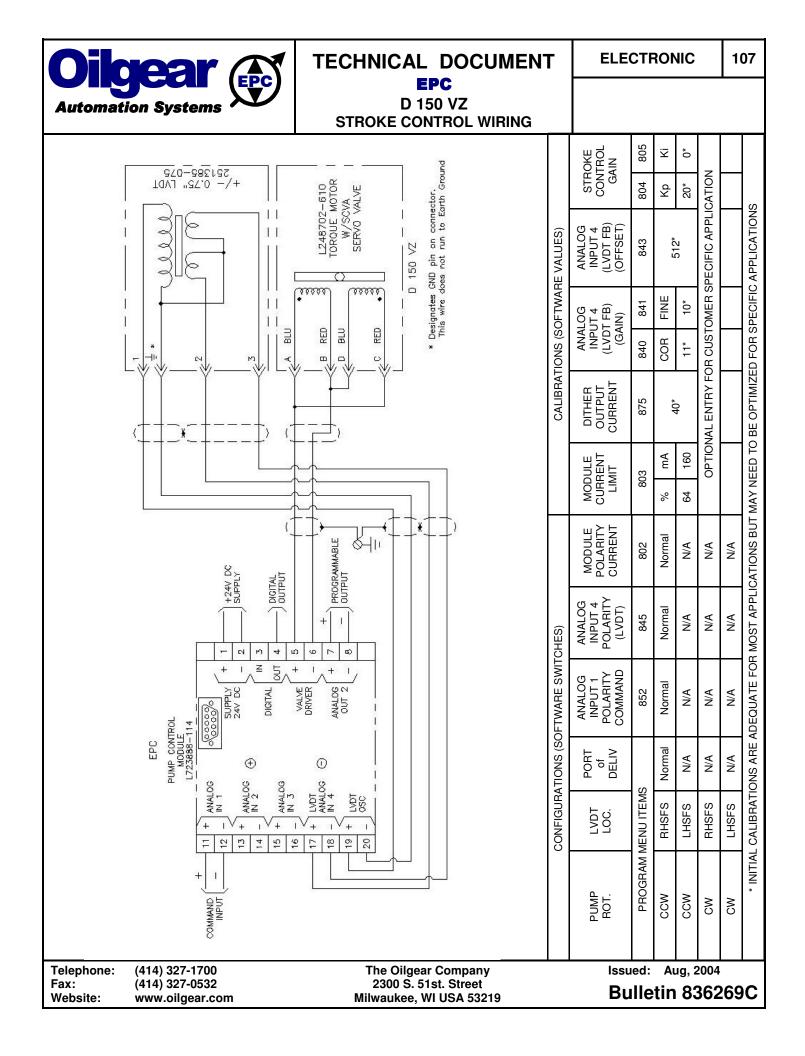
(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

PVV 540 VR (A-Series SCVP) Notes:

- The servo valve (SCVP) is remote mounted on top of the reservoir.
- The torque motor is 20 ohms per coil (10 ohm parallel) 500mA.
- LVDT is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The pump is rated approximately +/- 1.3 inch stroke.
- The standard one way pump strokes toward the LVDT with minimum volume stop on the opposite side from the LVDT.
- **CAUTION:** There are several types of VR controls available. This unit uses the A-Series SCVP style, but several other styles of remote mounting do exist, be sure to confirm the style.

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EPC D 150 VZ STROKE CONTROL WIRING

TECHNICAL DOCUMENT

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

Reference Technical Document 836261 for the "Flow Control Program" and Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". Both may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

(*) Calibration data for LVDT feedback, pump response gain, and LVDT offset, as listed in the table, are initial values. The initial values (*) are adequate for many applications but may need to be optimized for specific applications.

- Pump Rotation Pumps are designed for clockwise (CW) or counter-clockwise (CCW) rotation.
- LVDT Location Pump & control design, mounting clearance and/or mounting preference, determine LVDT location. Location is defined as left hand side facing shaft (LHSFS), right hand side facing shaft (RHSFS) or top. The LVDT may be inside a control housing or as a component (visible). See "LVDT Invert" for control considerations.
- **Port of Delivery** Pumps may be one way, neutral to "A" or "B" port or two way (bi-directional) "A" to neutral to "B", depending on pump design or application. The table assumes "A" port delivery.
- Polarity (Command) Commands may be either current (see Technical Document 836261) or voltage, plus (+) or minus (-) DC voltage polarity, for port of delivery as determined above. The table assumes a plus (+) voltage for "A" port delivery for standardization.
- **Polarity (LVDT)** The control/LVDT physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine LVDT feedback voltage polarity. "LVDT Invert" is set to insure command and feedback cancel.
- Polarity, Module (Current) The control/servo valve mounting physical location, and schematic diagram wiring, determine servo valve pilot flow to pump stroking pistons, and ultimately pump "Port of Delivery". The table assumes a "Command polarity" and "Current Polarity" for "A" port delivery, unless otherwise listed.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides approximately 200 Hz current pulse to help keep servo valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design.
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specification of servo valve. Wrong current limit entries may result in servo valve reduced performance and life.
- LVDT Feedback Gain Matches maximum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump full mechanical stroke (flow) range. Analog Output #2 is configured for LVDT 0 to approximately +/- 10V DC feedback as a standard for customer use.
- LVDT Feedback Offset Matches minimum electrical LVDT feedback signals, to pump minimum mechanical flow (neutral). The initial 512* assumes an ideal condition. Hydraulic circuit design, mechanical pump machining & electrical component, tolerances, may require resetting the offset.
- Stroke Controller Gain Sets pump response (reaction time) and accuracy of stroking.

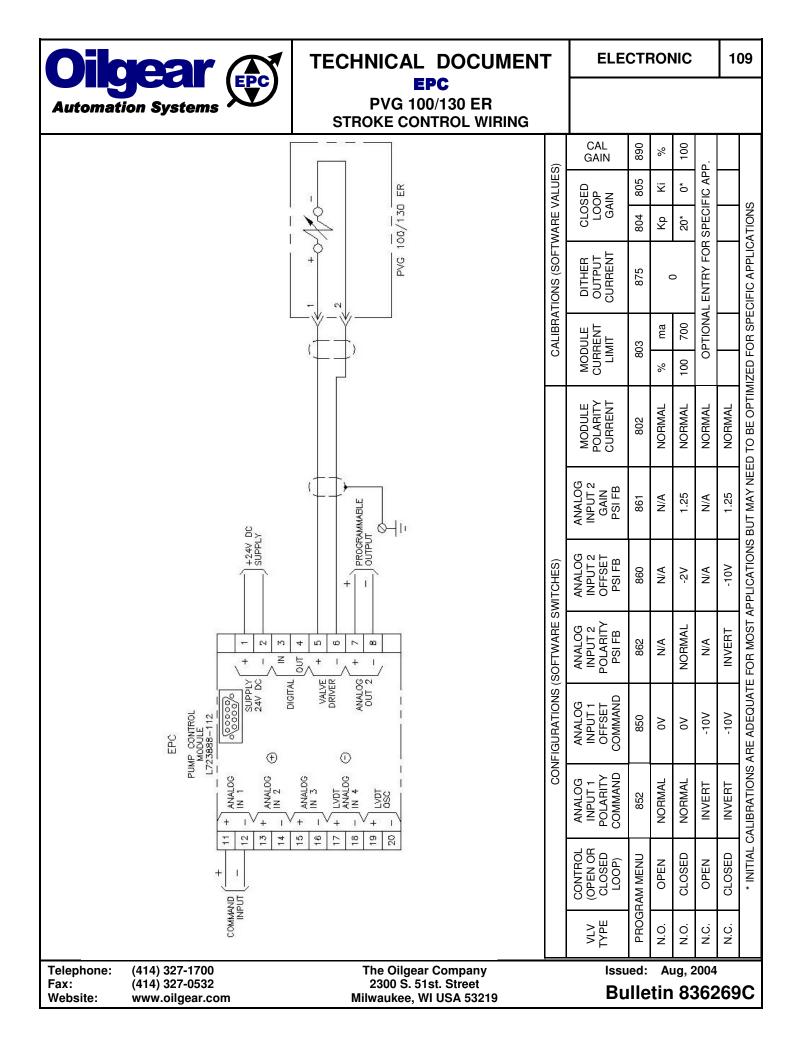
D 150 VZ Notes:

Automation Systems

• LVDT is rated approximately +/- .75 inch stroke.

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TECHNICAL DOCUMENT EPC PVG 100/130 ER STROKE CONTROL WIRING

General Notes: This document references schematic wiring standards and software configurations/calibrations required to operate a specific pump, utilizing the Oilgear EPC amplifier. The pump is identified by a partial model code. Complete model codes are defined in pump bulletins. "L" (list) numbers or serial numbers may also identify pumps. Contact the Oilgear Company to cross reference "L" and serial numbers to model codes.

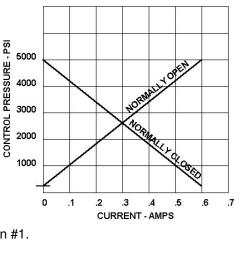
Reference Technical Document 836260 for the EPC "User Manual". It may be accessed from the Internet at www.oilgear.com.

Caution! Improper wiring, configurations & calibrations may result in loss of pump control, improper operation, and damage to components, machinery and even personal injury.

- Valve Type Proportional valves are designed as Normally Open (NO) or Normally Closed (NC). See notes 4 and 5 below.
- Control Mode Control Modes are either Open Loop or Closed Loop (Pressure Feedback).
- **Polarity (Command)** Commands may be either current (mA) or voltage plus, (+) DC polarity, for valve type as determined above. 0V to 10V command to be 0 PSI to 5000 PSI setting for both NO and NC valves.
- Offset (Command) Signal conditioning the Command may require offsetting this input to make a 0V to 10V Command into a 0 PSI to 5000 PSI setting for both NO and NC valves.
- Polarity (Feedback) Pressure Feedback may be either current (4 to 20mA) or voltage (0 to 10V), plus (+) DC voltage polarity, for valve type as determined above. However, the table uses a 4 to 20mA Feedback for a 0 PSI to 5000 PSI setting for both NO and NC valves.
- Offset (Feedback) Signal conditioning the Feedback requires offsetting this input to make a 4 to 20mA (2-10VDC) Feedback into 0 PSI to 5000 PSI for both NO and NC valve examples.
- **Polarity, Module (Current)** Determines the direction of the driver current. For his valve, the setting is always Normal (Positive Current).
- **Current Limit** Matches electrical maximum saturated current output, to design limit specific valve. Wrong current limit entries may result In valve reduced performance and life.
- Dither (Output Current) Provides optional current pulse to help keep valve from sticking (silting up). Value is based on valve design, and not used with P/N247579-XXX valves.
- Stroke Control Gain (Closed Loop Gain) Sets valve response (reaction time) and accuracy of pressure setting.
- Servo Attenuation (Calibration Gain) Sets the correct current output for a maximum dc voltage Command in open loop configuration.

PVG 100/130 ER Notes:

- EPC input accepts a 0 to 10V or 4 to 20ma input from the transducer.
- For analog P2C amplifier module retrofits, using a millivolt transducer, it must be changed to a 0 to 10V or 4 to 20ma transducer.
- Do not disassemble the P2C Operator.
- When using a Normally Open P2C Operator, relief valve will go to minimum pressure when the electrical power is disconnected.
- When using a Normally Closed P2C Operator, relief valve will go to maximum pressure when the electrical power is disconnected.
- EPC valve driver is PWM at a frequency to match P/N 247579-XXX valves.
- 247579-XXX Valves are polarity dependent and require valve driver positive (+) terminal #5 to be connected to valve connector pin #1.



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